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IN MEMORIAM.

There's a burden of grief on the breezes of spring,
And a song of regret from the bird on its wing;
There's a pall on the sunshine and over the flowers,
And a shadow of graves on these spirits of ours;
For a star hath gone out from the night of our sky,
On whose brightness we gazed as the war-cloud rolled by;
So tranquil and steady and clear were its beams,
That they fell like a vision of peace on our dreams.

A heart that we knew had been true to our weal,
And a hand that was steadily guiding the wheel;
A name never tarnished by falsehood or wrong,
That had dwelt in our hearts like a soul-stirring song;
Ah! that pure, noble spirit has gone to its rest,
And the true hand lies nerveless and cold on his breast;
But the name and the memory—*these* never will die,
But grow brighter and dearer as ages go by.

Yet the tears of a nation fall over the dead,
Such tears as a nation before never shed,
For our cherished one fell by a dastardly hand,
A martyr to truth and the cause of the land;
And a sorrow has surged, like the waves to the shore
When the breath of the tempest is sweeping them o'er;
And the heads of the lofty and lowly have bowed,
As the shaft of the lightning sped out from the cloud.

Not gathered, like Washington, home to his rest,
When the sun of his life was far down in the West;
But stricken from earth in the midst of his years,
With the Canaan in view, of his prayers and his tears.
And the people, whose hearts in the wilderness failed,
Sometimes, when the stars of their promise had paled,
Now, stand by his side on the mount of his fame,
And yield him their hearts in a grateful acclaim.

Yet there on the mountain, our Leader must die,
With the fair land of promise spread out to his eye;
His work is accomplished, and what he has done
Will stand as a monument under the sun;
And his name, reaching down through the ages of time,
Will still through the years of eternity shine—
Like a star, sailing on through the depths of the blue,
On whose brightness we gaze every evening anew.

His white tent is pitched on the beautiful plain,
Where the tumult of battle comes never again,
Where the smoke of the war-cloud ne'er darkens the air,
Nor falls on the spirit a shadow of care.
The songs of the ransomed enrapture his ear,
And he heeds not the dirges that roll for him here;
In the calm of his spirit, so strange and sublime,
He is lifted far over the discords of time.

Then bear him home gently, great son of the West—
'Mid her fair blooming prairies lay Lincoln to rest;
From the nation who loved him, she takes to her trust,
And will tenderly garner the consecrate dust,
A Mecca his grave to the people shall be,
And a shrine evermore for the hearts of the free.

THE BIRDS.

The Warbles of the Year—When they come—What they Do—The Order of Succession.

In the *Atlantic Monthly* for May is an article entitled "With the Birds," from which we make the following extracts:

The Robins.

In that free, fascinating, half-work and half-play pursuit—sugar-making, a pursuit which still lingers in many parts of New York, as in New England, the Robin is one's boon companion. When the day is sunny and the ground bare, you may meet him at all points and hear him at all hours. At sunset, on the tops of the tall maples, with look heavenward, and in a spirit of utter abandonment, he carols his simple strain. And sitting thus amid the stark, silent trees, above the wet, cold earth, with the chill of winter still in the air, there is no fitter or sweeter songster in the whole round year. It is in keeping with the scene and the occasion. How round and genuine the notes are, and how eagerly our ears drink them in! The first utterance, and the spell of winter is thoroughly broken and the remembrance of it afar off.

Robin is one of the most native and democratic of our birds; he is one of the family, and seems much nearer to us than those rare, exotic visitants, as the Orchard Starling or Rose-Breasted Grosbeak, with their distant, high bread ways. Hardy, noisy, frolicsome, neighborly and domestic in his ways, strong of wing and bold in spirit, he is the pioneer of the Thrush family, and well worthy of the finer artists whose coming he heralds and in a measure prepares for us.

I could wish Robin less native and plebeian in one respect—the building of his nest. Its coarse material and rough masonry are creditable neither to his skill as a workman nor to his taste as an artist. I am the more forcibly reminded of his deficency in this respect from observing yonder Humming-Bird's nest, which is a marvel of fitness and adaption, a proper setting for this winged gem, the body of it composed of a white felt-like substance, probably the down of some plant, or the wool of some worm, and toned down in keeping with the branch on which it sits by minute treelinchens, woven together by threads as fine and frail as gossamer.

The Phœbe.

Another April bird, which makes her appearance sometimes earlier and and sometimes later than Robin, and whose memory I fondly cherish, is the Phœbe-Bird (*Muscicapa nunciola*), the pioneer of the Flycatchers. In the inland farming districts I used to notice her, on some bright morning about Easter-day, proclaiming her arrival with much variety of motion and ttitude, from the peak of the barn or hay-shed. As yet, you may have heard only the plaintive, home-sick note of the Bluebird, or the faint trill of the Song-Sparrow; and Phœbe's clear, vivacious assurance of her veritable bodily presence among us again is welcomed by all ears. At agreeable intervals in her lay she describes a circle or an ellipse in the air, ostensibly prospecting for insects, but really, I suspect, as an artistic flourish, thrown in to make up in some way for the deficiency of her musical performance. If plainness of dress indicates powers of song, as it usually does, then Phœbe ought to be unrivaled in musical ability, for surely that ashen gray suit is the superlative of plainness; and that form, likewise, though it might pass for the "perfect figure" of a bird, measured by Joe Gargery's standard, to a fastidious taste would present exceptionable points. The seasonableness of her coming, however, and her civil, neighborly ways, shall make up for all deficencies in song and plumage, and remove any suspicions we have had, that, perhaps, from some cause or other, she was in some slight disfavor with Nature. After a few weeks Phœbe is seldom seen, except as she darts from her moss-covered nest beneath some bridge, or shelving cliff.

May Birds.

May is the month of the Swallow and the Orioles. There are many other distinguished arrivals; indeed, nine-tenths of the birds are here by the last week in May, yet the Swallows and Orioles are the most conspicuous. The bright plumage of the latter seems really like an arrival from the tropics. I see them flash through the blossoming trees, and all the forenoon hear their incessant warbling and wooing. The Swallows dive and chatter about the barn, or squeak and build beneath the eaves; the Partridge drums in the fresh unfolding woods; the long, tender note of the Meadow Lark comes up from the meadow; and at sunset, from every marsh and pond come the ten thousand voices of the Hylas. May is the transition month, and exists to connect April and June, the root with the the flower.

June Birds.

With June the cup is full, our hearts are satisfied, there is no more to be desired. The perfection of the season, among other things, has brought the perfection of the song and plumage of the birds. The master artists are all here; and the expectations excited by the Robin and Song Sparrow are fully justified. The Thrushes have all come; and I sit down upon the first rock with hands full of the pink Azalea, to listen. With me, the Cuckoo does not arrive till June, and often the Goldfinch, the Kingbird, the Scarlet Tanager delay their coming till then. In the meadows the Bobolink is in all his glory; in high pastures the Field-Sparrow sings his breezy vesper hymn; and the whole woods are unfolding to the music of the Thrushes.

The Cuckoo.

is one of the most solitary birds of our forests, and is strangely tame and quiet, appearing equally untouched by joy or grief, fear or anger. Is he an exile from some other sphere, and are his loneliness and indifference the result of a hopeless, yet resigned soul? Or, has he passed through some terrible calamity or bereavement, that has overpowered his sensibilities, rendering him dreamy and semi-conscious? Something remote seems over weighing on his mind. He deposits his eggs in the nests of other birds, having no heart for work or domestic care. His not or call is as of one lost or wandering, and the farmer says is prophetic of rain. Amid the general joy and the sweet assurance of things, I loved to listen to this strange clairvoyant call. Heard a quarter of a mile away, coming up from the dark bosom of the forest or out from the somber recesses of the mountain, like the voice of a muezzen calling to prayer in the Oriental twilight, it has a peculiar fascination. He wanders from place to place,

"An invisible thing,
A voice, a mystery."

You will probably hear him a score of times to seeing him once. I rarely discover him in the woods, except when on a protracted stay; but when in June he makes his gastronomic tour of the garden and orchard, regaling himself upon canker-worms, he is quite noticeable. Since food of some kind is a necessity, he seems resolved to burden himself as little as possible with the care of obtaining it, and so devours these creeping horrors with the utmost matter-of-course air. At this time he is one of the tamest birds in the orchard, and will allow you to approach within a few yards of him. I have even come within a few feet of one without seeming to excite his fear or suspicion. He is quite unsophisticated or else royally indifferent,

Without any exception, his plumage is the richest brown I am acquainted with in Nature, and is unsurpassed in the qualities both of firmness and fineness. Notwithstanding the disparity in size and color, he has certain peculiarities that remind one of the Passenger Pigeon. His eye, with its red circle, the shape of his head, and his motions on alighting and taking flight, quickly suggest the resemblance; though in grace and speed, when on the wing, he is far inferior. His tail seems disproportionately long, like that of the Red Thrush, and his flight among the trees is very still, contrasting strongly with the honest clatter of the Robin or Pigeon.

Distribution.

The distribution of plants in a given locality is not more marked and defined than that of the birds. Show a botanist a land, he will tell you where to look for the Lady's-Slipper, the Columbine, or the Harebell. On the same principles the ornithologist will direct you where to look for the Hooded Warbler, the Wood Sparrow or the Chewink. In adjourning counties in the same latitude, and equally inland, but possessing a different geological formation and different forest timber, you will observe quite a different forest timber, you will observe quite a different class of birds. In a country of the beech and maple I do not find the same songsters that I know where thrive the oak, chestnut and laurel. In going from a district of the Old Red Sandstone to where I walk upon the old Plutonic Rock, not fifty miles distant, I miss in the woods the Veery, the Hermit-Thrush, the Chestnut Sided Warbler, the Blue-Backed Warbler, the Green Backed Warbler, the Black and Yellow Warbler, and many others—and find in their stead the Wood-Thrush, the Chewink, the Redstart, the Yellow-Breasted Flycatcher, the White-Eyed Flycatcher, the Quail and the Turtle-Dove.

The Wood-Thrush.

But the crowning glory of all these Robins, Flycatchers and Warblers is the Wood-Thrush. More abundant than all other birds, except the Robin and Cat bird, he greets you from every rock and shrub. Shy and reserved when he first makes his appearance in May, before the end of June he is tame and familiar, and sings on the tree over your head, or on the rock a few paces in advance. A pair even built their nest and reared their brood within ten or twelve feet of the piazza of a large summer house in the vicinity. But when the guests commenced to arrive and the piazza to be thronged with gay crowds, I noticed something like dread, and foreboding in the manner of the motherbird; and from her still, quiet ways and habit of sitting long and silently within a few feet of the precious charge, it seemed as if the dear creature had resolved, if possible, to avoid all observation.

He is the only songster of my acquaintance, excepting the canary, that displays different degrees of proficiency in the exercise of his musical gifts. Not long since, while walking one Sunday in the edge of an orchard adjoining a wood, I heard one that so obviously and unmistakingly surpassed all his rivals, that my companion, though slow to notice such things, remarked it wonderingly; and with one accord we threw ourselves upon the grass and drank in the bounteous melody. It was not different in quality so much as in quantity. Such a flood of it! Such magnificent copiousness! Such long, trilling, deferring, accelerating preludes! Such sudden, ecstatic overtures would have intoxicated the dullest ear. He was really without a compeer, a master artist. Twice afterward I was conscious of having heard the same bird.

The wood-thrush is the handsomest species of this family. In grace and elegance of manner he has no equal. Such a gentle, bird-bred air, and such inimitable ease and composure in his flight and movement! He is a poet in very word and deed. His carriage is music to the eye. His performance of the commonest act, as catching a beetle or picking a worm from the mud, pleases like a stroke of wit or eloquence. Was he a prince in the olden time, and do the regal grace and mien still adhere to him in his transformation? What a finely proportioned form! How plain, yet rich in his color,—the bright russet of his back, the clear white of his breast, with the distinct heart shaped spots! It may be objected to Robin that he is noisy and demonstrative; he hurries away or rises to a branch with an angry note, and flirts his wings in ill-bred suspicion. The Mavis, or Red Thrush, sneaks and skulks like a culprit hiding in the highest alders; the Cat-bird is a coquette and a flirt, as well as a sort of female Paul Pry; and the Chewink shows his inhospitality by espying your movements like a Japanese. The Wood-thrush has none of these underbred traits. He regards me unsuspiciously, or avoids me with a noble reserve—or, if I am quiet and incurious, graciously hops toward me, as if to pay his respects, or to make my acquaintance. Pass near his nest, under the very branch, within a few feet of his mate and brood and he opens not his beak; he concedes you the right to pass there, if it lies in your course; but pause an instant, raise your hand toward the defenceless household, and his anger and indignation are beautiful to behold.

What a noble pride he has! Late one October, after his mates and companions had long since gone South, I noticed one for several successive days in the dense part of this next-door wood, flitting noiselessly about, very grave and silent, as if doing penance for some violation of the code of honor. By many gentle, indirect approaches, I perceived that part of his tail-feathers were undeveloped. The sylvan prince could not think of returning to court in this plight—and so amid the falling leaves and cold rains of Autumn, was patiently biding his time.

The Cat bird.

I hardly know whether I am more pleased or annoyed with the Cat Bird. Perhaps she is a little too common, and her part in the general chorus a little too conspicuous. If you are listening for the note of another bird, she is sure to be prompted to the most loud and protracted singing, drowning all other sounds; if you sit quietly down to observe a favorite or study a new comer, her curiosity knows no bounds, and you are scanned and ridiculed from every point of observation. Yet I would not miss her; I would only subordinate her a little, make her less conspicuous.

She is the parodist of the woods, and there is ever a mischievous, bantering, half-ironical undertone in her lay, as if she were conscious of mimicking and disconcerting some envied songster. Ambitious of song, practising and rehearsing in private, she yet seems the least sincere and genuine of the sylvan minstrels, as if she had taken up music only to be in the fashion, or not to be outdone by the Robins and Thrushes. In other words, she seems to sing from some outward motive, and not from inward joyousness. She is a good versifier, but not a great poet. Vigorous, rapid, copious, and without fine touches, but destitute of any high, serene melody, her performance, like that of Thoreau's squirrel, always implies a spectator.

Summer Birds.

Till the middle of July there is a general equilibrium; the tide stands poised, the holiday spirit is unabated. But as the harvest ripens beneath the long, hot days, the melody ceases. The young are out of the nest and must be cared for, and moulting season, is at hand. After the Cricket has commenced to drone his monotonous refrain beneath your window, you will not, till another season, hear the Wood-Thrush in all his matchless eloquence. The Bobolink has become careworn and fretful, and blurts out snatches of his song between his scolding and upbraiding, as you approach the vicinity of his nest, oscillating between anxiety for his brood and solicitude for his musical reputation. Some of the Sparrows will sing, and occasionally across the hot fields, from a tall tree in the edge of the forest, comes the rich note of the Scarlet Tanager. This tropical colored bird loves the hottest weather, and I hear him more in dog days than at any other time.

The remainder of the Summer is the carnival of the Swallows and Flycatchers. Flies and insects, to any amount are to be had for the catching; and the opportunity is well improved.

August is the month of the high-sailing Hawks. The Hen Hawk is the most noticeable. He likes the haze and calm of these long, warm days. He is a bird of leisure, and seems always at his ease. How beautiful and majestic are his movements! so self-poised and easy, such an entire absence of haste, such a magnificent amplitude of circles and spirals, such a haughty, imperial grace, and occasionally such daring aerial evolutions!

With slow, leisurely movement, rarely vibrating his pinions, he mounts and mounts in an ascending spiral till he appears a mere speck against the Summer sky; then, if the mood seizes him, with wings half closed, like a bent bow, he will cleave the air almost perpendicularly, as if intent on dashing himself to pieces against the earth; but on nearing the ground, he suddenly mounts again on broad, expanded wing, as if rebounding upon the air, and sails leisurely away. It is the sublimest feat of the season. One holds his breath till he sees him rise again. Sometimes a squirrel, or bird, or an unsuspecting barn-fowl is scathed and withered beneath this terrible visitation.

If inclined to a more gradual and less precipitous descent, he fixes his eye on some distant point in the earth beneath him and thither bends his course. He is still almost meteoric in his speed and boldness. You see his path down the heavens, straight as a line; if near, you hear the rush of his wings; his shadow hurtles across the fields, and in an instant you see him quietly perched upon some low tree or decayed stub in a swamp or meadow, with reminiscences of frogs and mice stirring in his maw.

When the South wind blows, it is a study to see three or four of those air kings at the head of the valley far up toward the mountain, balancing and oscillating upon the strong current; now quite stationary, except a slight tremulous motion like the poise of a rope-dancer, then rising and fallen in long undulations, and seeming to resign themselves passively to the wind; or, sailing high and level far above the mountain's peak—no bluster and haste, but, as stated, occasionally a terrible earnestness and speed. Fire at him as he sails overhead, and, unless wounded badly, he will not change his course or gait.

His flight is a perfect picture of repose in motion. He might sleep or dream in that level, effortless, aimless sail. It strikes the eye as more surprising than the flight of the Pigeon and Swallow even, in that the effort put forth is so uniform and delicate as to escape observation, giving to the movement an air of buoyancy and perpetuity, the effluence of power rather than the conscious application of it.

Autumn Birds.

But Summer wanes, and Autumn approaches. The songsters of the seed-times are silent at the reaping of the harvest. Other minstrels take up the strain. It is the heyday of insect life. The day is canopied with musical sound.

All the songs of the Spring and Summer appear to be floating, softened and refined, in the upper air. The birds, in a new, but less holiday suit, turn their faces southward. The Swallows flock and go; the Bobolinks flock and go; silently and unobserved, the Thrushes go. Autumn arrives, bringing Finches, Warblers, Sparrows and Kinglets from the north. Silently the procession passes. Yonder Hawk, sailing peacefully away till he is lost in the horizon is a symbol of the closing season and the departing birds!

Proclamation by the President.

Thursday, June 1st, Appointed a Day of Mourning and Prayer.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, By my direction, the Acting Secretary of State, in a notice to the public, of the 17th, requested the various religious denominations to assemble on the 19th inst., on the occasion of the obsequies of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States, and to observe the same with appropriate ceremonies; but

Whereas, Our country has become one great house of mourning, where the head of the family has been taken away, and believing that a special period should be assigned for again humbling ourselves before Almighty God, in order that the bereavement may be sanctified to the nation—

Now, therefore, in order to mitigate that grief on earth which can only be assuaged by communion with the Father in Heaven, and in compliance with the wishes of senators and representatives in Congress, communicated to me by resolutions adopted at the national capital,

I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do hereby appoint Thursday, the 1st day of June next, to be observed (wherever in the United States the flag of the country may be respected) as a day of humiliation and mourning. And I recommend my fellow-citizens then to assemble in their respective places of worship, there to unite in solemn service to Almighty God in memory of the good man who has been removed, so that all shall be occupied at the same time in contemplation of his virtue, and in sorrow for his sudden and violent end.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington the 24th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and of the independence of the United States of America the eighty-ninth.

[L. S.] ANDREW JOHNSON.

By the President:
W. HUNTER, Acting Sec'y of State.

☞Luv iz like the measles, we kant alwuz tell when we ketched it, and aint up tew hav it severe but onst, an then it aint kounted much onless it strikes inly.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.

Vigorous Operations Ordered Against Rebel Pirates.

Neutral Nations Warned Against Giving them Hospitality.—Rehabilitation of Virginia—The Rebel State Government Pronounced Dead.—The Authority of the Union and Governor Pierpont to be Respected.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—President Johnson has issued a proclamation declaring that

WHEREAS, Armed resistance to the authority of this Government in certain States heretofore declared to be in insurrection may be regarded as virtually at an end, and the persons by whom that resistance, as well as the operations of insurgent cruisers were directed, are fugitives or captives;

And whereas, It is understood that some of these cruisers are still infesting the high seas, and others are preparing to capture, burn and destroy vessels of the United States;

The President enjoins all naval, military and civil officers of the United States diligently to endeavor, by all lawful means, to arrest the said cruisers, and to bring them into a port of the United States, in order that they may be prevented from committing further depredations on commerce, and that the persons on board of them may no longer enjoy immunity for their crimes.

And he further proclaims and declares that if after a reasonable time shall have elapsed for this proclamation to become known in the ports of nations claiming to have been neutrals, the said insurgent cruisers, and the persons on board of them, shall continue to receive hospitality in the said port, the Government will deem itself justified in refusing hospitality to the public vessels of such nations in the ports of the United States, and in adopting such measures as may be deemed advisable towards vindicating the National sovereignty.

VIRGINIA.

The President has also issued an executive order to re-establish the authority of the United States and execute the laws within the geographical limits known as the State of Virginia.

It is ordered that all acts and proceedings of the political, military and civil organizations which have been in a state of insurrection and rebellion, within the State of Virginia, against the authority and laws of the United States, and of which Jefferson Davis, John Letcher and William Smith were late the respective chiefs, are declared null and void. All persons who shall exercise, claim, pretend or attempt to exercise any political, military or civil power, authority, jurisdiction or right by, through, or under Jefferson Davis, late of the city of Richmond, and his confederates, or under John Letcher, or William Smith and their confederates, or under any pretended political, military or civil commission or authority issued by them or of them since the 17th day of April, 1861, shall be deemed and taken as in rebellion against the United States, and shall be dealt with accordingly.

The Secretaries of the State, War, Treasury, Navy and the Interior Departments, and the Postmaster General, are ordered to proceed to put in force all the laws of the United States pertaining to their several departments; and the district to proceed to hold courts within the said State in accordance with the provisions of the acts of Congress. The Attorney General will instruct the proper officers to libel and bring to judgment, confiscation, and sale, the property subject to confiscation, and enforce the administration of justice, within the said State in all matters civil and criminal within the cognizance of the Federal courts, to carry into effect the guarantee of the Federal Constitution of a Republican form of State Government, and afford the advantage and security of domestic laws, as well as to complete the re-establishment of the authority of the laws of the United States, and the full and complete restoration of peace within the limits aforesaid.

Francis A. Pierpont, Governor of the State of Virginia, will be aided by the Federal Government, so far as may be necessary, in the lawful measures which he may take for the extension and administration of the State Government throughout the geographical limits of the said State.

Fiendish Vandalism—The Body of Senator Hicks Stolen.

The Centreville (Md.) *Citizen* of the 3d has the following:

We learn from a gentleman of Denton, Caroline county, that on Wednesday night last some fiends opened the tomb of ex-Governor Hicks, in Dorchester county, and stole his coffin and body therefrom, and broke the tombstone to pieces. The body and coffin had not been found at last reports, and it is believed they have been sunk in the Choptank river.

Governor, afterwards Senator Hicks was the loyal, energetic Governor of Maryland who preserved that State from the toils of secession conspiracy, when it was in the greatest danger of being enveloped in them. He died last February, in Washington.

This brutal, disgusting act; this dishonoring of a patriot's dust is but a natural out-cropping from the same foul treason that has bred assassination and wholesale murder of captives.

The Globe.

WILLIAM LEWIS, Editor and Proprietor. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XX. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, MAY 17, 1865. NO. 47.

THE GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

THE "GLOBE JOB OFFICE" is the most complete of any in the country, and possesses the most ample facilities for promptly executing, the *best* style, every variety of Job Printing, such as:

HAND BILLS,
PROGRAMMES,
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BILL HEADS,
CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BALL TICKETS,
LABELS, &C., &C., &C.

CALL AND EXAMINE SPECIMENS OF WORK, AT LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

The Placeless.

"There are fifty applicants for every vacancy, and no more will be received," was placarded on the post office door on the inauguration of our new postmaster the other day. In any large city there are a dozen applications, yes, a hundred within half a day after the publication of any vacancy. On the incoming of a new Governor or a President, the "place" seekers are numbered by hundreds, thousands, and tens of thousands; and sometimes the "outside pressure" is so resistless, that the very highest officers in the Government feel themselves obliged to favor persons who are strangers to them, in preference to men whom they are under special and personal obligations, and whom they know to be fully qualified for all the duties of the station. Public men who have offices in their gift often feel themselves compelled to bestow them on persons whom they know are not the best adapted to the position, as rewards for past political services, for present political influence, or for those conciliations of opposing parties which seem to them are indispensable to the situation of affairs. Yet opposed to these accepted applicants are men of integrity undoubted, of refinement, of a culture, and of a once social position, which ought to guarantee success, brought to this suppliant attitude for "place" by sickness, by accident, by pecuniary revulsion, by the perfidy of men, against which no human foresight could provide. Recently a high name in this community, which five years ago wielded the wand of power in financial circles, was handed in for a "place" of trust and profit. Gray-headed and bald and bent, he craved the "influence" of influential men with hot tears; and after weeks and months of such debasement, and of agonizing suspense, he failed of his object, the poor house looking himself and helpless family full in the face. Young men and young women, within a week of this writing, have been driven into suicide in New York city, having vainly sought 'places,' until on the verge of starvation, and to escape it, took the rope and the poison. Why all this? Because they grow up without a positive occupation, without having been instructed in any handicraft. There's truth in Franklin's saying, that the "parent who brings up a son without a calling, teaches him to be a thief." Let that father then, who wishes to be assured that his son shall not languish in a penitentiary, or perish on a gallows, give that son a trade. Let the mother who desires to make it certain that the daughter she so much loves shall not pine away in some cheerless hospital, ay, some insane asylum, teach that daughter a perfect use of her needle, or, better, the skillful handling of a sewing machine; and, more, how to keep a tidy house; how to prepare a comfortable meal; how to spread a well appointed table—to do all these things with thoroughness. Such a young woman can never come to want; can never fail to find a well-paying place in this country. There are a thousand families in New York any day who would consider themselves "fortunate" in having such seamstresses, house-girls, nurses, and cooks at twenty per cent. higher wages than generally prevail. A good mechanic can always find work for "victuals and clothes," with increasing wages as his fidelity and skill become known, and thus prevent that distressing sadness, that debasing cringing, that eating out all life's gladness, which wither the heart and waste away the health, until the friendly grave ends the torture.—*Hall's New York Journal of Health.*

COULDN'T FOOL HER.—The Lafayette (Ind.) Courier tells an amusing story of some young ladies and gents of that place who were taking a social walk near the cemetery, when a ghost appeared. They all ran but one sturdy woman of the strong minded class, who stood her ground till the ghost got to her, when she seized it, thrashed out of his frightened disguise a mischevious fellow, who heard the project of walking about the graveyard discussed, and hid himself there to give the party a fright. She led him back to the house, and in reply to the questions that poured in upon her, said: "Can't fool me I've seen too many men in sheets to get frightened at them."

☞A handsom young gal was sot up with one night by a noble young specimen of the true American, with scissors in his vest pocket—I mean a dry goods clerk—and the young gal's mother hearing suthin pop, rose from her couch under an impression that her eldest boy was holding a wild revel on the root beer in the west room. But, on opening the door, she diskivered it was huggin and kissin' which awakened her from her peaceful repose.

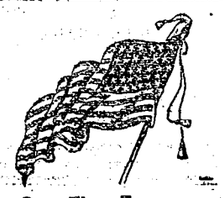
"My daughter, oh, my daughter," this fond parint did cry, "oh, that I should live to see this doins in my own bouse!" "I know, dear mother," this village maiden did unto her mother quickly reply, "that is quite improper, but it is so *orfully soothin.*"

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 17, 1865.

W. Lewis, Editor and Proprietor.
Hugh Lindsay, Associate Editor.



Our Flag Forever.

"I know of no mode in which a loyal citizen may so well demonstrate his devotion to his country as by sustaining the Flag, the Constitution and the Union, under all circumstances, and UNDER EVERY ADMINISTRATION REGARDLESS OF PARTY POLITICS, AGAINST ALL ASSAILANTS, AT HOME AND ABROAD."—STEPHEN A. DOUGLAS.

Jeff Davis Captured.

The news has finally reached us, as we were positive it would, that Jeff. Davis has fallen into our hands. After escaping, narrowly however, for some time the vigilance of our detectives and soldiers, he has been captured at the town of Irwinsville, Georgia. This town is situated in Irwin county, in the southern section of the State, is seventy-five or eighty miles southeast from Macon, and is about the same distance from the Atlantic coast as from the Gulf of Mexico. It is difficult to presume whether he was fleeing to Mexico or to Europe. We suppose, however, Europe. But his fugitive journey is ended, and his carreer as a criminal prisoner has commenced. To Washington, no doubt, he will be taken, perhaps secretly. There, let him await and receive his doom—hanging by the neck till dead. It is an ignominious fate, we must predict, that awaits the guilty man, covered in the crime and writhing in the tortures of iniquity, but who can say it will not be a just one. In his death, as the chief of the once proud but now killed confederacy, the Government will be partially avenged for the wrongs committed under his jurisdiction and we might say sanction.

The National Finances.

On the 31st of March last, an official statement showed the public debt to be twenty-three hundred and sixty seven million. Laws in operation provided for six hundred million more, viz: the Seven-thirty loan, now being so rapidly taken. This is believed to be sufficient, with the ordinary receipts of the Government, to meet all expenses and accruing liabilities up to July 1st, 1866, making the debt at that time, therefore, $2,967,000,000. Of this amount $2,500,000,000 is interest bearing debt, the remaining $417,000,000 being legal tender and fractional currency not bearing interest. Of the interest bearing debt in existence March 31st, about fifty millions five per cent. notes will undoubtedly be cancelled on or before the 1st of July, 1865, and it is further believed that enough surplus funds will be derived from the seven-thirty loan and the sales of public property during the next year, to absorb over one hundred millions of the temporary deposits and certificates of indebtedness, reducting the dept by that much, which will allow the funding of $167,000,000 of the fractional currency and greenback currency, leaving out the $300,000,000 and $250,000,000 of interest bearing debt on first of July, 1866. At the present rates of interest paid, the average rate for several years will be six per cent., for there will be nine hundred millions of seven-thirties and near nine hundred millions of five-twenties and 1881 bonds, besides compound interest notes, &c. Therefore the interest will be $150,000,000 annually.

☞ If the Mexican "emigration" project gains much further headway, the Government will interfere and put it down, threatening penalties to those who refuse to obey its dictates. What the Emperor Napoleon has done thus far in Mexico has been done without any opposition from this Government—without a word of rebuke, but rather with a spirit of acquiescence on our part—and though such would probably not have been the case had not our civil war been in progress, the President will nevertheless act in a perfectly fair manner toward Napoleon now that our hands are free, and meet him, if at all, with the honorable weapons of diplomacy.

It may be doubted, however, whether any immediate attention will be given to the subject, outside of forbidding buccanneering expeditions from this country. This, it is felt, must be done to prevent even the possibility of unpleasant relations with France, and at the same time, maintain our neutral position. Such a position Mr Seward declared to be our proper course more than a year since, and it is not likely it will be departed from even in the winking at of expeditions which might or might not be transformed into armies on their arrival upon Mexican soil.

The army of the Potomac has all reached the defences south of the Potomac, near Washington.

OVER THIRTY MILLIONS IN ONE DAY!—On Tuesday last there was received at the office of Jay Cooke., Subscription agentfor the United States 7-30 Loan, the sum of *Thirty Million dollars and over.* What individual or company Loan has ever been so popular, or made such rapid and overwhelming sales! This most emphatically proves that the Government Loans far surpass in permanent safety and security every other loan in the country. And why should it not. The Government has shown its ability to protect itself against powerful enemies, and coming out of the struggle wholly triumphant, it has shown its strength to outlive the most trying storms of peril and destruction. At the rate of $30,000,000 a day, the Loan will soon be exhausted, and the sooner subscriptions are handed in to the proper agents, the better it will be for those who desire investing in this most popular and reliable Loan.

Two weeks ago the amount of the second series of the Loan sold and reported, inclusive of voucher's conversions, was about $145,000,000.—The cash dates last week were about $40,000,000, this week, $98,000,000. The total sales of the second series has reached $298,000,000.

FINANCIAL.—There continues to be an upward tendency in Government securities. This is in part owing to the recent advance in prices on the other side of the Atlantic and the impression that the large purchases which have been made on the Continent, will soon be increased by our securities again coming into favor in Great Britain, the capitalists of which will not be long in realizing the fact that there is an intrinsic value in the gold interest bearing bonds of the United States, through which they may retrieve a portion of the losses resulting from the dabbling in the bubble delusions of a Southern Confederacy. But the home demand, incident upon the ease in money matters, and the growing confidence that the national troubles are drawing to an end when the Government will be able to adopt still further measures of retrenchment, and to place its interest bearing issues upon a basis that must lead to an enhancement in the market value.

☞ That foul and unnatural villain—that knave of knaves—ass of asses—thief of thieves—George Sanders, has written the following to the President of the United States:

Your proclamation is a living burning lie, known to be such by yourself and all your surroundings, and all the hired perjurers in Christendom shall not deter us from exhibiting to the civilized world your hellish plot to murder our Christian President.

This low fellow has a passion for writing letters to distinguished people. He once sent a telegraphic dispatch to Old Buck., which cost $125 25. His billingsgate on the present occasion is quite as impudent and more detestible. He ought to captured and whipped at the cart's end, from Washington to Chicago.

☞ Gov. Curtin has made arrangements that whenever a Pennsylvania soldier is killed, or dies of disease while in the service, transportation is furnished for one person from his home to the place where the remains of the soldier may be, and also for both the person who goes for the body of the deceased and the remains back to his home. The transportation is furnished by Colonel H. H. Gregg, Chief of Transportation at Harrisburg. In applying for Transportation the name of the deceased soldier, his rank, company, regiment, date of death and the name of the friend going for his remains should be given.

☞ President JOHNSON has signed the death warrant of three of the Western conspirators known as the 'Knights of the Golden, Circle, or Sons of Liberty,' in consequence of the testimony produced and made good before the several military courts, and in accordance with their recommendation. This will be the first execution of the kind since the beginning of the rebellion, and are signal indications of the determination of our heroic Executive.

☞ It is desired to be known whether Jeff. Davis, in his contracted circumstances, does not want to be "let alone;" no doubt he has remarked "I want to be let alone," but we will heed the *I* as much as we heeded the *we*, when he spoke in behalf of the Confederacy. Jeff's voice will have no effect, but his *head* may.

☞ Gold has been on a steady decline for the past week, and the figures have now reached the comparatively low standard of 1,30. Now that this great guaging commodity is declineing, is there not reason to suppose that the price of goods wil also decline as readily as they were to advance when gold advanced? We can see no reason other than the scarcity of labor and the mere caprice of the merchant and producer that will keep their goods at the present high figures. We are patiently looking for a decline of even the least degree in price of printing material.

THE "flying" Confederacy will hereafter be represented in petticoats, in memory of Jeff. Davis, who tried to escape in his wife's clothing. This is very indicative of the fable, now truth, of the *wolf* in *sheep's* clothing.

CAPTURE OF JEFF. DAVIS AND STAFF.

To Major General Dix:

WASHINGTON, May 13, 10 P. M.—The following dispatch has just been received from General Wilson, announcing the surprise and capture of Jeff Davis and his staff, by Col. Pritchard and the 4th Michigan cavalry, on the morning of the 10th inst., at Irwinsville, in Irwin county, Georgia.

MACON, May 12.—I have the honor to report that at daylight of the 10th inst., Col. Pritchard, commanding the Fourth Michigan Cavalry, captured Jeff. Davis and family, with Regan, the Postmaster General; Col. Harrison, his private secretary; Col. Johnson, A. D. C.; Col. Morris, Col. Libbick, Lieut. Hathaway and others.

Col. Pritchard surprised their camp at Irvinsville in Irvin county, Georgia, seventy-five miles south-east of this place.

They will be here to-morrow night and will be forwarded under a strong guard without delay.

I will send further particulars at once.

(Signed) J. H. WILSON,
Brevet Major General.

Particulars of the Capture.

MACON, Ga., 9.30 A. M., May 13.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

Lt. Col. Harden, commanding First Wisconsin, has just arrived from Irwinsville. He struck Davis' trail at Dublin, Lauren county, on the evening of the 7th, and followed him closely night and day, through the pine wilderness of Alligator Creek and Green Swamp, via Cumberlandville to Irwinsville.

At Cumberlandville Col. Hardin met Col. Pritchard, with 150 picked men and horses of the Fourth Michigan. Hardin followed the trail directly south, while Pritchard, having fresher horses, pushed down the Ocmulgee, towards Hopewell, and thence by House creek, to Irwinville, arriving there at midnight of the 9th. Jeff. Davis had not arrived.

From citizens, Pritchard learned, that his party were encamped two miles outside of the town. He made his disposition and surrounded the camp before day. Harden had camped at 8 P. M., within two miles, as he afterwards learned from Davis. The trail being too indistinct to follow, he pushed on at 3 A. M., had gone but little more than one mile, when his men were fired upon by men of the 4th Michigan. A fight ensued, both parties exhibiting the greatest determination. Fifteen minutes elapsed before the mistake was discovered. The firing in this skirmish was the first warning Davis received.

The captors reported that he hastily put on one of his wife's dresses and started for the woods, closely followed by our men, who at first thought him a woman, but seeing his boots while running suspected his sex at once. The race was a short one, and the rebel President was soon brought to.

He brandished a bowie knife of elegant pattern, and showed signs of battle, but yielded promptly to the persuasion of the Colt's revolvers, without compelling the men to fire. He expressed great indignity at the energy with which he was pursued, saying that he had believed our Government more magnanimous than to hunt down women and children.

Mrs. Davis remarked to Col. Harden, after the excitement was over, that the men had better not provoke the President, or he might hurt some of 'em.

J. H. WILSON,
Brevet Major General.

The Arch Traitor Jeff. Davis—His Guilt Proven.

There are but few persons who are really willing to exonerate the great head of the rebellion, Jeff. Davis, from complicity in the plot to assassinate not only President Lincoln, but the leading men who surrounded him, and therefore everything relating to the death of our late lamented President is sought for with avidity. In view of this we see it stated that Rev. W. H. Ryder, D. D., of the First Universalist Church of Chicago, who was in Richmond immediately after its evacuation by the rebel forces, found among the papers scattered around the State House and on the streets of that city, a letter written in Richmond, dated February 11th, 1865, (which is to be exhibited, in connection with other papers, bearing the sign manual of Jeff. Davis, at the Great Fair in Chicago,) asking his attention to a matter about which the writer had formerly held a conversation with him. It was a plot to burn and destroy Federal vessels wherever found. The writer states that the secret of the composition (previously spoken of by him) was known only to two men; that its nature was such that it could be used with entire safety, and by persons unacquainted with its use; that men in the military service need not be set into the "enemy's country" to do the work, but that it could be performed by agents; that by its use they could—

1st. Burn every vessel leaving a foreign port for this country.

2d. Burn every transport sent from Northern ports to the South.

3rd. Burn every vessel on the Mississippi river, and carry consternation into the ranks of the enemy everywhere.

The writer further requested that the "President" would see, and obtain the required information. It closed with the most profound assurances of respect to the recipient, and faith in the issues of the rebel cause.

On the back of the document was the following endorsement—we suppress the name:

"Secretary of State at his convenience please see——, and learn what plan he has for overcoming the difficulty heretofore experienced.

Feb. 29. J. D.

From the above endorsement on the letter, by Jeff. Davis, it would seem that the scheme to burn northern cities and Federal vessels, had been tried before but failed. This, together with other plans which culminated in the death of President Lincoln, and the attempted assassination of Secrey Seward, were without doubt known to, and connected with his knowledge and approval, and it is strange if these revelations which are now being brought to light, will not consign the once proud rebel to a traitor's doom.

TRIAL OF THE ASSASSINS.

Appearance of Counsel.

Washington, May 13.

The court is held at the old penitentiary, in an upper room, white walled, with two windows east and north. These windows are ironed with flat bars along the wall. On the west side, on raised seats, were Dr. Mudd, David C. Harold, Lewis Payne, Edward Spangler, of Ford's theatre, Michael O'Laughlin, Atzerott and Samuel Arnold. Sitting outside the pailing was Mrs. Surratt, leaning on a small green baize table. Beyond her, on the other side of the table, near the Northern window, sat the counsel for the accused—Thos. Ewing, son of the Ohio ex-Senator; Anthony Stone, Walker Cox, Reverdy Johnson, Aiken and Clampett.

Running east and west, beside the northern wall there is a table, also covered with green baize; at this sat the court.

Dr. Mudd looked calm and collected and attentive, leaning on the railing that surrounded him, as if to relieve his wrist from the weight of the handcuffs that encumbered them.

Arnold was restless, raising his hands to his hair with a nervous twitching and varying the direction of his looks—now glancing from face to face, then bowing his head on his hand which was supported on his knees. His handcuffs were somewhat peculiar, not being connected as usual with a chain, but by a bar, about eight inches in length.

Payne, dressed in a gray woolen shirt and dark pants, seemed more intent in trying to obtain a full view of the sunny landscape through the barred windows, than of confining his attention to the details of the proceedings. As he looked, a strange dreaminess pervaded his face. His dark hair irregularly parted, hung over his forehead, and often clouded his dark blue eyes. His thick, somewhat protruding lips were as if glued together. His legs were crossed, and his ironed hands rested on the knee of the upper one.

Laughlin was observant of every move made in the court; he leaned back with his head against the wall fully expressing his broad, but not high, forehead crowned with a full, bushy head of black hair.

Atzerot, a man some five feet six or seven inches in height, might have been taken, had it not been for his manacles, as a mere spectator. He possesses a style of face most common in Southern Germany, though his beard and hair are of a reddish sand color, and his eyes light.

A police officer sat beside each prisoner.

Mrs. Surrat has already been correctly described. A stout buxom widow, fitting Falstaff's ideal—'fair, fat and forty," although it is ascertained that she is far beyond that period of life, having nearly reached her grand climatrix. She was dressed in black and looked a little flushed, but we failed to notice the cold, cruel gleam in her gray eyes, which some of the gentlemen of the press have attributed to her.

How to Put an End to Guerilla Warfare.

Important Order from Gen. Halleck.

Headquarters Military Division of the James, Richmond, Virginia, May 5, 1865.—General Orders No. 6.—From and after the 20th instant, all persons found in arms against the United States in the States of Virginia and North Carolina, will be treated as outlaws and robbers.

Any persons in these States, who assist or advise organizations of guerrilla bands, or continuation of hostilities against the authority of the United States, will be arrested, tried by the military commission, and punished with death, or otherwise severely, according to the circumstances of the case. All military officers of this division, and of districts, will be charged with the preservation of good order within their commands.

They will use their influence to reconcile all differences between freedmen and their former masters, and will assure freedmen that they will be required to labor for support of themselves and families, but they are free to select their own employers and make their own bargains. They must be made to understand that Government will protect, but not support them.

All classes must be shown the necessity of planting and cultivating crops this spring and summer, in order to avoid want in the country. To minors not cared for by parents, the apprentice system will be introduced as early as practicable. For children too young to labor, and abandoned by protectors, it is ordered that houses of refuge be established, where they may be cared for and educated.

Interest, as well as humanity, require that former masters of the colored race should unite in devising the best measures for ameliorating their condition, and for introducing some system of labor. To this end all military authorities will lend their aid. By order of

H. W. HALLECK,
Major General.

J. W. KELTON,
Assistant Adjutant General.

☞ Maj. Gen. Wright commanding the Sixth Army Corps expresses his great gratification at the accomplishment of the late march of the corps from Burkesville Junction to Danville, Va In four days and four hours not less than one hundred miles have been traversed—a march almost unprecedented in this or any other war, even under the most favorable auspices.

☞ Major General Augur has been directed by the Secretary of War to muster out and discharge all volunteer soldiers whose terms of service expire on or before the 31st of the present month. The commanding generals of armies and departments are also ordered to immediately muster out and discharge all volunteer soldiers of the cavalry arm whose terms of service expire prior to October 1st, 1865.

☞ A despatch dated Nashville, Tenn., says:—The guerilla organizations are availing themselves of Gen. Thomas' order and coming in rapidly. No formidable body of guerillas now remains in the State.

☞ Reed, late commander of the Tacony and the ram Webb, and seven of his shipmates, were consigned to Fort Warren last week.

A Swindler Personates Major General Hancock—A Bold Stroke for $10,000

[From the Chicago Times, May 8th.]

By far the most gigantic swindle which has been heard for many days was attempted on Friday night by a daring adventurer, who represented himself as Major Gen. Hancock.

About ten o'clock on Friday night, a stout, portly gentleman, with grey whiskers, of a rather dignified aspect, and wearing the uniform of a Major General in the United States Army, entered a hackney carriage and drove to the private residence of Mr. Henry Greenebaum, banker, at the corner of Wood and Lincoln streets. He was on very pressing and important business, and handed in a cardon which was the name of "Major-General Hancock, United States Army." Mr. Greenebaum happened to be at the opera that evening, but his brother, David Greenebaum, received the General with all the courtesy due to his station, and escorted him to the opera house, where he introduced him to his brother.

Mr. Greenebaum asked the distinguished visitor what he could do for him, when the General presented the following letter of introduction purporting to be from Hon. Wm. B. Ogden of this city:

Friday Evening, May 5, 1865.—*Henry Greenebaum, Esq.*—My Dear Sir:—I take pleasure in making you acquainted with my friend Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock, of the United States army. The General is on his way to St. Louis in connection with business of his new corps. He wishes to complete some banking business before he leaves in the morning, and I have recommended your house to him. I presume you are acquainted with his father-in-law, J. Cooke, Esq., of Philadelphia. Any favor you may see fit to do for him will be considered as a personal favor for me.

Yours respectfully, obed't serv't.

[Signed] Wm. B. Ogden.

Mr. Greenebaum perused this note—which was written with a very successful imitation of Mr. Ogden's handwriting—and again asked the General what were his wishes. The General told him that he wanted a loan of ten thousand dollars, for immediate use, and offered to give a draft payable at sight on Jay Cook, Philadelphia. Mr Greenebaum thought it was a curious circumstance that Mr. Ogden, who was not in the habit of transacting business with him, should have written such a note instead of personally introducing the General to him, and a suspicion at once flashed across his mind that the letter was a forged one. He thereupon frankly informed the General that he could not cash his draft without being fully satisfied that all was perfectly straight. The General politely acquiesced, and at once proposed to telegraph to Mr. Cooke. He was in a hurry, he said, but thought the train by which he was to leave for St. Louis might be delayed. After appointing to meet Mr. Greenebaum in the morning he went to the Western Union Telegraph office, and despatched the following telegram:

To Jay Cooke, Banker, 1209 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Will you cash my sight draft, order of Henry Greenbaum & Co., for ten thousand dollars, and answer immediately to their care.

[Signed] W. S. Hancock.

Yesterday morning the following telegram, purporting to be from Jay Cooke, was received by Mr. Greenebaum at his residence:

Henry Greenebaum & Co., Bankers:

Yes, for any amount he may require.

This was of course a bogus despatch concocted by the General. He had succeeded in obtaining, by what means is unknown, one of the regular envelopes of the office, and the whole transaction might have appeared plausible enough.

Meanwhile, Mr. Greenebaum had become satisfied in his own mind that the whole thing was a swindle. He had discovered that Mr. Ogden was not in the city, and that the supposed Maj.-Gen. Hancock was not his guest. After leaving the opera on Friday night he went to the central police station, for the purpose of notifying the superintendent, but found that Capt Turtle and all the detectives had left the office.

He determined, however, to sift the mystery to the bottom, and made up his mind to remain in the city all night for that purpose. Had he carried out his intention, there is but little doubt but he would have succeeded in capturing the swindler, but Mrs. Greenebaum, who became alarmed in case her husband might get into trouble, dissuaded him. His purpose was to draw the rascal into the snare by meeting him as appointed in the morning and handing him over the money, having one of our "Hawkshaws" secreted in the bank ready to pounce upon him. But the scheme failed. Mr. Greenebaum did not come into the city so early as he intended, and the general, who by that time probably began to scent some danger in the wind, decamped nor has he been seen or heard of since.

In order to facilitate his swindling operation, he managed to impose on one of the morning papers, which on Saturday morning published in the local column an announcement that Maj. Gen. W. S. Hancock, his wife and two members of his staff, had passed through the city on their way to St. Louis.

☞ "Information was received at army headquarters May 9th, of the final and complete surrender of Dick Taylor's forces in Alabama and Mississippi to General Canby. It is a remarkable fact that this news, and other dispatches from General Wilson, were received by telegraph direct from Macon, Ga., to this city. General Wilson is still in Macon, and the telegraph lines through North and South Carolina and Georgia are intact. The escape of Davis is therefore next to impossible.

☞ The rebel General Kirby Smith published a frantic appeal to his soldiers, dated Shreveport, April 21, announcing the surrender of Lee, and calling upon his troops in the strongest terms to stand by their colors in this hour of adversity, saying that the fate of the nation depends upon them; that their resources are ample for a protracted struggle till foreign aid arrives, or, at least, till they can secure the terms of a proud people.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY,

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to

SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,

under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as Attorneys at Law, in Huntingdon Penna. PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865–tf.

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
MRS. R. J. SAGER'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, May 17, '65–tf.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

The undersigned, Executor of the estate of Saml. Reed deceased will offer for sale

On Saturday, the 10th day of June.

at two o'clock, P. M., the FARM of said deceased, situated on the Raystown Branch, in Penn township, Huntingdon county, containing

268 Acres,

more or less, 150 CLEARED, well improved, and under a good state of cultivation, the balance well timbered. The yearly rent of the Farm amounts to $200.

Terms will be made known on day of sale.

ROBERT H. REED,
Penn twp., May 17, '65–3t. Executor.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. CUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he offers to all who want to be
CLOTHED,
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for
MEN AND BOYS,
ALSO,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.
Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon May. 17, '65.

Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public, that, having obtained from the manufacturers, the sole Agency for the sale of STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS, he is prepared to furnish instruments to persons wishing to buy at the retail prices in Philadelphia and New York.

N. B. Every instrument warranted for five years.

He is also sole agent for the celebrated SEWING MACHINES OF GROVER & BAKER, and would respectfully request persons wishing to buy Machines to call and examine his before purchasing others, as they are unequalled by any Machine manufactured

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Opposite D. P. Gwin's Store.
May 17, '65–tf. Huntingdon, Pa.

1865. THE 1865.
LARGEST AND BEST
STOCK OF
WALL PAPER
Ever Brought to Huntingdon,
Is now ready for inspection and sale,
AT
LEWIS'
Book, Stationery and Music Store.
NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES
AT
LOWER PRICES
Than the same article can be bought in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.
OUR STOCK
Consists of upwards of
One Hundred Different Styles
OF
Wall & Ceiling Paper & Berdering,
FOR
The Parlor, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Bed Room, Hall, Kitchen, Office, Store, Shop, &c., &c.
Call at the "Globe" Building,
and examine our stock and prices.

GEO. W. SWARTZ,
Clock & Watch Maker,
At the old stand of Swartz & McCabe,
HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PA.
my10,1865–6m

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The copartnership heretofore existing between SWARTZ & McCABE is dissolved by mutual consent. All those knowing themselves indebted to the late firm or to G. W. Swartz will please make payment on or before the first day of June, 1865, or find their accounts in the hands of a Justice for collection. my10-3t

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—Estate of Peter Curfman; dec'd.
Letters of Administration have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Peter Curfman, late of Cass township, Huntingdon county, deceased. All persons indebted will make payment, and those having claims present them, properly authenticated, to us.

JAMES CURFMAN,
SOLOMON CURFMAN,
May 10, 1865–6t.* Administrators.

NEW STORE, AND NEW GOODS.
CHEAPEST CLOTHING in Town
LEOPOLD BLOOM
HAS JUST RECEIVED
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF NEW STYLES OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
Which he offers to the public
AT THE CHEAPEST RATES.
His stock consists of
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES, &c. &c.
His store is at the
OLD BROAD TOP CORNER, HUNTINGDON, PA.,
Where he will be pleased to receive and accommodate all customers,
LEOPOLD BLOOM.
Huntingdon, May 10, 1865.

Gold Pens & Pencils,
The best assortment of the handsomest and best styles, for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

THE sale of the first series of $300,000,000 of the 7-20 Loan was completed on the 31st of March, 1865. The sale of the second series of Three Hundred Millions, payable three years from the 15th day of June, 1865, was begun on the 1st of April. In the short space of thirty days, over One Hundred Millions of this series have been sold—leaving this day less than Two Hundred Millions to be disposed of. The interest is payable semi-annually in currency on the 15th of December and 15th of June by Coupons attached to each note, which are readily cashed anywhere. It amounts to

One cent per day on a	$50	*note.*
Two cents " "	$100	"
Ten " " "	$500	"
20 " " "	$1000	"
$1 " " "	$5000	"

MORE AND MORE DESIRABLE.

The Rebellion is suppressed, and the Government has already adopted measures to reduce expenditures as rapidly as possible to a peace footing, thus withdrawing from market as borrower and purchaser. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and constitutes the

Great Popular Loan of the People

The Seven Thirty Notes are convertible on their maturity, at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 SIX PER CENT. GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

Which are always worth a premium.

FREE FROM TAXATION.

The 7 30 Notes cannot be taxed by Towns, Cities, Counties or States, and the interest is not taxed unless on a surplus of the owner's income exceeding six hundred dollars a year. This fact increases their value from one to three per cent. per annum, according to the rate levied on other property.

SUBSCRIBE QUICKLY.

Less than $200,000,000 of the Loan authorized by the last Congress are now on the market. This amount, at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within two months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium; as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans. It now seems probable that no considerable amount beyond the present series will be offered to the public.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Bank, and Private Bankers, throughout the country, have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, *Philadelphia.*

Subscriptions will be received by the:

First National Bank of Huntingdon.
First National Bank of Hollidaysburg
First National Bank of Altoona.
First National Bank of Bellefonte.
First National Bank of Harrisburg.
my10,1865

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
25 PER CENT. CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST!
SIMON COHN,
AT COFFEE RUN STATION,

Would respectfully call the attention of his old patrons specially, and the public in general, to his extensive stock of well selected new Goods, just received from the Eastern cities, consisting, in part, of

Dry Goods,
Clothing, Woolen Ware, Notions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Bonnets, Shawls, Circulars, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Wood and Willow-ware, Tobacco, Segars, Nails, Glass, Provisions, Oil, Fish, Salt, Tinware, Copper Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Clocks, Watches, &c.,

and all other articles kept in a first class country store; all selected with the greatest care and which were purchased for cash only, and affords him to sell them at a very low figure. The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine our unsurpassed stock, before purchasing elsewhere. No pains will be spared in showing our Goods. Ladies are specially invited to examine our large stock of fashionable dress goods; Shawls, Circulars, Furs, and a great variety of Woolen Goods, Hosiery, &c. Also, a handsome assortment of LADIES' COATS

All kinds of produce taken in exchange at the highest market prices—Cash not refused. By strict attention to the wants of customers, we hope to receive a continuation of the liberal patronage with which we have been heretofore favored. Come one and all, and TRY.

☞ New Goods received daily.
May10 1865. SIMON COHN.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
SIMPSON, ARMITAGE & CO.

HAVING PURCHASED the entire stock of Wm. Colon, we now offer to the public at reasonable prices our immense stock of

MECHANICAL, RELIGIOUS, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
STATIONERY, POCKET BOOKS, PORTMONAIS, &c.
Also, Latest Styles of
WALL PAPER & WINDOWSHADES,
MAGAZINES, and Daily and Weekly Papers constantly on hand.
☞ Orders from abroad promptly attended to.
CALL AT BROAD TOP CORNER.
Huntingdon, May3, 1865–1y

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
Will be offered at sale at public outcry on the premises in the township of WARRIORSMARK, Huntingdon county,
On Wednesday, the 10th of May next,
The following described Tract of Land, late the property of Samuel Beck, dec'd., to wit:

One hundred acres of good limestone land, adjoining lands of David Beck, John Beck's heirs and others, seventy acres thereof being cleared and under fence, the balance being timber land; a growing orchard and several never-failing springs being on said land, affording fine building sites.

Sale to commence at two o'clock, P. M., of said day.

TERMS.—One-third in hand upon confirmation of the sale, and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgages of the purchaser.

BENJAMIN F. PATTON,
ap19,1865. Trustee.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.
Estate of James Clarke, dec'd.

The undersigned in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, will expose to public sale on the premises, in the borough of Birmingham,

On Friday, May 19, 1865,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., a LOT OF GROUND in said borough, fronting one hundred feet on Market street, and extending back along Tyrone street one hundred and sixty feet to an alley, and bounded on the north by lot of John Owens, Esq., having thereon erected a two story BRICK HOUSE, with a two story frame house attached, comprising ten comfortable rooms, two basement kitchens and three cellars, store room, and also two ware rooms, together with wood, wash, smoke and ice houses, and small bank barn, with carriage room and granary; also, fruit and ornamental trees, grape vines and shrubbery.

ALS0,

On Wednesday, May 17, 1865,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., in the premises, in the borough of Cassville, a lot of ground fronting about forty feet on the west side of Main street, and extending back in depth one hundred and sixty five feet to a back street, bounded on the north and south by lots of A. W. Evans; having thereon a two story frame dwelling house, back kitchen and brick shop.

TERMS OF SALE.—One half the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale, and the residue in one year, with interest, to be secured by the bonds and mortgage or judgment of the purchasers.

JOHN R. THOMPSON,
may3. Adm'r of Jas. Clarke, dec'd.

More Goods!
OWING to the GREAT RUSH at
LLOYD & HENRY'S
For GOODS, Mr. Henry has gone east to lay in a heavy stock. my10–3w
LOOK OUT FOR LOW PRICES.

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, May 17, 1865.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

☞ Those of our subscribers receiving bills will please give them *immediate* attention. Our terms are now advance payments—our friends will remember this. Those receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

Scratchings.

—Shad are being caught in the Juniata river near Millerstown, below Mifflin.

—The present month is giving us very inclement weather. Last week we had continued showers, and fires on some days were necessary.

—There was a slightly worn $20 greenback lost in this place last week. The finder will please leave it at this office, or send it to H. F. Grove, at Pleasant Grove, this county.

—The shareholders in the Porter Island Oil lands, will meet in this borough, on Thursday next, for the purpose of organizing an Oil Company.

—Small silver change it is said is making its appearance in Philadelphia and other eastern cities. We wouldn't care to see the "shiners" floating in this neck of timber.

—The Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania will hold its sixteenth annual meeting at Altoona, Blair county, Pa., on Wednesday the 14th of June next.

—The Pennsylvania Grand Lodge of Good Templars will meet in Lewistown, on Wednesday, the 14th of June. The M. E. Preachers' Association of the Juniata District will also meet in the same town on the evening of the same day.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company have issued an order declaring that they will accept nothing but U. S. or National Bank currency, for freight and passage. We suppose they will take gold and silver when they can get it.

—We saw in town last week Dol Decker and Dory McFarland, two braves of the 49th P. V., who were home on furlough. They looked well, and enjoy themselves hugely. We suppose they are not at all sorry the rebellion is over.

—Mr. B. F. McNeil, late editor of the Bedford *Inquirer*, has entered upon his duties as a member of the editorial corps of the Pittsburg *Commercial*. That establishment has secured the services of a valuable individual, and we are pleased to see him so highly situated.

—A substantial fence, not the most ornamental, has been constructed on the northern or back boundary of the Court House yard. Some such "condition" has long been needed, as cows have fattened (may be) upon the grassy product, and romping children aided in its destruction.

—The authorities of Loretto borough, Cambria county, deny in a card the truth of the statement made in the *Alleghanian* that "immediately on the reception of the news of the assassination of the President, a certain class of citizens of Loretto borough got up a grand demonstration of rejoicing over the event."

—There is a movement among the clerks in various stores in some of the towns along the line to induce their employers to close business at six or seven o'clock during the summer. We would like to see such a wise step made in this locality for *once*. Mechanics and out-door laborers are relieved from labor after six o'clock, and salesmen should be allowed as much time for recreation as others. The injury to health occasioned by confinement of the day should be partially obviated by the enjoyment of the evening.

—A man may go along without advertising, and so may a wagon without greasing, but it goes mighty hard. There is nothing like printer's ink to lubricate the wheels of business, and those who neglect to avail themselves of its advantages lose the golden opportunity which is gained by their more wide awake competitors. An advertisement inserted in the Huntingdon *Globe* reaches the people in every part of the county, and adjoining counties. It goes, too, exactly among the best customers of our towns people—the most intelligent farmers, manufacturers, mechanics and working men.

—B. M. Greene, of this place, recently put up a piano for a young lady in Altoona, in relation to which the *Tribune* produces the following strain: "It is a superb piano, and in tone far surpasses those generally in use in the country. To see and hear it is to admire and be charmed. When you get such articles, get the best, and in order to get the best, give your order to Mr. Greene and he will give you satisfaction." The same might be said concerning the pianos put up by the same gentleman in this place, and we can but repeat the commendation to purchase from Mr Greene.

Fresh Garden & Flower Seeds,

For Sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf.

A Monument for the Soldiers.

A correspondent sends us the following communication in relation to the preservation of the names of those who have fought, bled and died in the defence of their country in the present struggle. We fully concord in the correspondent's views, and some project similar to the one suggested should at once be instituted to keep in popular remembrance the gallant deeds of our fallen heroes:

"The advent of peace is at hand; the toil-worn, battle scarred veterans of a hundred battles, will soon be among us again, and should receive as they doubtless will a fitting reception from a people grateful for the services they have so nobly performed. But there are many of that patriot band, who come not, at the roll of the drum; their places in the ranks are vacant; wives shall look in vain in the gay procession for the husband of her youth; children shall search in all that throng for a father, whose nameless grave is far away; mothers shall run away in sorrow and tears, knowing their loved ones sleep the soldier's last sleep far away from kindred and home. The roll of returned prisoners is searched in vain for the missing brother. Shall we suffer the names of these heroes to be forgotten, except by the hearts that mourn their absence?

"No, no, surely not. How then shall they be preserved so that we can teach our children to honor them? I propose this plan: Let every county erect a *Monument*, on which shall be inscribed the name of every soldier from said county who has lost his life in this struggle. Let Huntingdon Co. be the first to move in the matter. No more pious or patriotic work can be engaged in. Which of our patriotic men of wealth will put the ball in motion?

"Let us have in West Huntingdon or on cemetery hill a monument worth twenty thousand dollars; an honor at once to the living and the dead."

Sewing Machines.

The value of a sewing machine recommends itself without any additional comment from us. What is necessary in a town the size of this is that some reliable agency for the same be appointed through whom the machines can be ordered. Benson M. Greene has been appointed the sole agent for Sewing Machines of Grover & Baker, which are celebrated as a good instrument. Mr. Greene, is also celebrated as a good agent; so, with a good agent to obtain a reliable machine, good results may be expected from the purchase. We would recommend all who desire to save labor, and do neat and rapid sewing to buy one of the Grover & Baker Sewing Machines from B. M. Greene, whose office is in the Diamond, opposite David Gwin's Store.

The Stereoscopic Views.

Surely, they miss a grand sight who neglect visiting E. C. Summer's Castilian and seeing the Stereoscopic Views with which he has adorned it. In the 200 views the Stereoscope contains there can be seen natural illustrations of battle fields, the contemplation of one alone would satisfy you that there is *something* to be seen. Besides battle field scenes, there are some magnificent views of the Niagara Falls and surroundings, cataracts, and views of the important bridges, buildings, &c, of the world. The Views can be seen distinctly in the evening, as well as day, by the flood of light afforded by gas-jets.

—We notice several new dwelling houses going up in town. They are small, but just the kind wanted to accommodate small families not able to pay heavy rents. Workmen are busy on James A. Brown's lot preparing it for a three story brick. The eastern room of Cunningham & Co's building on Railroad street is fitting up for a new hardware store by H. S. Wharton The large room to be occupied as the Globe printing office, on Washington street and Globe alley, is being pushed to completion as rapidly as circumstances will admit. We will soon have elbow room to put work through in a rush and in good style.

Still Lives.

In a letter we published some weeks ago, Capt. Bratton of Co B, 49th Regt., was reported killed. We now have the pleasure of announcing that he was not killed or wounded—he is all right.

Misstatement.

Last week in recording the accident to Mrs. Peightal in Henry's store, we stated that she descended the movable hatchway. We should have stated that she fell down the stairway that leads to the lower apartment.

New Law Firm.

We call attention of the public to the new law firm advertised in another column—Scott, Brown & Bailey. These gentlemen are too well known as correct business men to need any favorable notice from us. They have been tried and have not been found wanting.

The Place to Call.

Mrs. J. Sager is prepared to accommodate the public with Photograph likenesses at her rooms adjoining the "Globe" building. Call and examine specimens.

WALL PAPER RECEIVED.

The latest and most fashionable styles of Wall Paper just received at Lewis' Book Store. The stock is extensive, but those who come first will be the sooner suited—having the first chance.

Presbytery of Huntingdon.

A correspondent furnishes the following to the Hollidaysburg *Standard:*

The Presbytery of Huntingdon held its last stated meeting at Hollidaysburg, commencing on the 11th of Aprl. The Rev. O. O. McClean was chosen Moderator, and the Rev. Messrs. R. M. Wallace and John H. Clarke, Clerks. W. A. Fleming and G. W. Shaffer, ministers, and John Kratzer and Joseph Smith, ruling elders, were elected delegates to the next General Assembly, *each having previously expressed*, in open Presbytery, the opinion that the time for an organic union of the Old and New-school churches has not yet come. Mr. William Gemmill was taken under the care of the Presbytery as a candidate for the gospel ministry. Messrs. Wm. B. Noble and Richard M. Campbell, of the Western Theological Seminary, and Mr. Nourse, of the Princeton Theological Seminary, were licensed to preach the gospel.

The following preamble and resolutions were, with cordial unanimity, adopted:

Whereas, It has pleased Almighty God, the Sovereign Disposer of all events, within the past ten days to crown our armies with successive signal victories, which have resulted in the capture of thousands of prisoners, numerous prominent officers, and finally in the surrender of the commander-in-chief of the rebel army, with the entire army of Northern Virginia, thus giving promise of an early cessation of hostilities, and the complete and final overthrow of the existing rebellion, and the reinstating of the authorities of our government over the entire extent of our beloved and afflicted country; therefore,

Resolved, 1. That we, as a Presbytery, convened, in the Providence of God, at this eventful crisis, feel it to be our duty and privilege to record our humble and hearty thanks to our Heavenly Father for his great goodness exclaiming, "Not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto thy name give glory."

Resolved, 2. That we honor the consummate bravery and skill of the officers, and the enthusiasm and self-sacrificing devotion of the rank and file of our noble army, through whose agency, under God, these results have been attained.

Resolved, 3. That our deepest sympathies be extended to those whose homes have been saddened by bereavement from the late decisive conflicts.

After the adoption of the above, the long-metre doxology was sung, and the Presbytery was led in prayer by the Rev. Orr Lawson. The Rev. S. T. Lowrie was dismissed to the Presbytery of Philadelphia, and the Rev. John McKinney was received from the Presbytery of Chicago.

Presbytery adopted, as a standing rule, *that applications for aid from the* Board of Domestic Missions, and from the Fund for Disabled Ministers, &c., must be made at stated meetings; and, from the latter, through a committee consisting of the Rev. Messrs. Hammill, Lawson, and Elliott.

The next stated meeting of this Presbytery will be held in Alexandria, Pennsylvania, on the first Tuesday of October, at eleven o'clock A. M., and an adjourned meeting in Clearfield church on the third Tuesday of June, at seven o'clock P. M. J. H. C.

Death of "Old Hannibal."

The Bedford *Inquirer* of the 12th gives the following in relation to the death of this well trained animal:

The world renowned performing animal, "Old Hannibal," who for almost half a century has been the greatest wonder of the animal kingdom, died at Centreville, in this county, on last Sunday morning, the 7th inst., at 7.51 o'clock. Hannibal was attached to the combined Menagarie and Circus which exhibited here on last Friday. He displayed evidences of indisposition and feebleness several days previously at McConnellsburg, and it required great labor and perseverence to get him across the mountains to Bloody Run. On Friday he was very ill, having steadily refused food for several days He left here on Saturday morning with a very unsteady step, for Centreville, where he died on Sabbath morning.

Hannibal was the largest animal ever exhibited on this continent. His height was 11 feet 8 inches, and his weight was ascertained to be 15,000 pounds, or seven and one half tons. He consumed 300 pounds of hay, 3 bushels of oats and 46 gallons of water per day. He was supposed to be in his 66th year at the time of his death. For 36 years he traversed this continent, at an average of 3000 miles per year, the greatest curiosity ever exhibited to the wondering and admiring millions. Many interesting and instructive anecdotes are related of this wonderful quadruped which we would most willingly relate did space permit, but we can only give him a passing notice and leave others to record his history as it merits to be.

The watchman who spent the last night with the living Hannibal, reports him as having been very restless during the night, frequently shifting his position, lying down and getting up. At one time he endeavored to break loose from the stump to which he was tied. Sometime before his death he got on his knees on all-fours, and remained in that position half an hour. When it became apparent that his end was approaching, a crowd of persons assembled to see this ponderous and tremendously vigorous animal expire. Fears were entertained lest in his dying agonies some one might be hurt, but all precaution was unnecessary. Hannibal at the time above stated, stretched himself to full length and died without a struggle, without a quiver, as if faintly sleeping. So ends 'Old Hannibal; a sadness came upon us at the solemn announcement. His proprietors were telegraphed from Cumberland, who gave orders that he should be interred without robbing him of any of his ornaments.

"Heav'n! what enormous strength doth death possess;
How muscular the giant's arm must be,
To grasp that strong-boned elephant, and, spite of all
His efforts, fix him to the earth!"

LATEST NEWS.

The Charge Against the Assassins.

Jefferson Davis Included in the Number.

The following is the charge against David E Harold, George A Atzerot, Lewis Payne, Michael O'Laughlin, Jno H Surratt, Edward Spangler, Samuel Arnold, Mary E Surratt, and Samuel A Mudd:

Charge first. For maliciously, wilfully and traitorously, and in aid of the existing armed rebellion against the United States of America, on or before the 6th day of March, 1865, and on divers other days between that day and the 15th day of April, 1865, combining, confederating and conspiring together with one John H Surratt, John Wilkes Booth, Jefferson Davis, George H Sanders, Beverly Tucker, Jacob Thompson, Wm C Cleary, Clement C Clay, George Harper, George Young, and others unknown, within the military department of Washington and within the fortified and entrenched lines thereof, against Abraham Lincoln, late and at the time of said combining and conspiring President of the United States of America, and Commander in chief of the army and navy thereof, Andrew Johnson, now Vice President of the United States aforesaid, W H Seward, Secretary of State of the United States aforesaid, and Ulysses S Grant, Lieutenant General of the army of the United States aforesaid, then in command of the armies of the United States under the direction of the said Abraham Lincoln, and in pursuance of, and in prosecuting said malicious, unlawful and traitorous conspiracy aforesaid, and in aid of said rebellion, afterwards, to wit, on the 14th day of April, 1865, within the military department of Washington aforesaid, and within the fortified and entrenched lines of said military department, together with the said John Wilkes Booth and John H. Surratt, maliciously, unlawfully and traitorously murdered the said Abraham Lincoln, then President of the United States and Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy of the United States as aforesaid, and maliciously, unlawfully and traitorously assaulting, with intent to kill and murder the said William H. Seward, then Secretary of State of the United States as aforesaid, and lying in wait with intent maliciously, unlawfully and traitorously to kill and murder the said Andrew Johnson, then being Vice President of the United States, and the said Ulysses S Grant then being Lt. Gen. and in command of the Armies of the United States as aforesaid.

THE HOMEWARD MARCH.

The Army of the Potomac has all reached the defences south of the Potomac, and General Meade's headquarters are established at Fort Albany, on the road from the Long Bridge to Bailey's Cross Roads.

The 2d Corps, Maj Gen. Humphreys, and the 5th Corps, Major Gen. Griffin, will encamp in the vicinity of the railroad leading from Falls Church to Leesburg, although the permanent camping grounds have not been fixed upon.

Major General Sherman's headquarters are established at Alexandria, and his army is to-day marching from Fredericksburg to that place, whence it will probably go into camp outside of the fortifications, where good wood and water may be most convenient.

General Sheridan's Cavalry Corps will be here on Tuesday or Wednesday. All of these troops will encamp within the limits of this department, although the Army of the Potomac, General Sherman's army and the cavalry corps will each retain its present organization, and transact its military business through the regular official channels as before.

Poisoned Fruit.

Examine your Cans.—A family in Harrisburg narrowly escaped being poisoned, a few days ago, by the use of canned peaches. The fruit appeared to be in excellent condition, when removed from the can, but those members of the family who ate of it, became ill, suddenly, and if they had partaken freely of the peaches, no doubt the consequences would have been very serious. Upon examination of the can it was discovered that the enameling of the inside had disappeared, leaving the interior of a very dark color. The probable cause of this was a defect in the tin. Persons who put fruit in new cans should be very careful and give them a thorough examination before using their contents.

☞ For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa.

DIED,

In Walker township, on Tuesday, May 9th, Mr. JOSEPH LEFFORD.

In Huntingdon, May 15, Miss MARY JANE WILLIAMS.

In Oneida township, this Tuesday morning, May 16, Mr. ELISHA SHOEMAKER, Sr., aged about 70 years.

In Juniata township, May 11th, of Erysipelas, CHARLES JOSEPH, son of John and Lizzie C. Lefford, aged 1 month.

Little Charlie was a bud of unusual promise and beauty; he was like the half blown rose bud, too lovely to grow upon the sterile soil of earth, exposed to its chilly blasts. God has transplanted him to bloom in Paradise, where the frost of death, nor the blight of sin can never come

Go to thy rest, my child,
Go to thy dreamless bed,
Gentle and undefiled,
With blessings on thy head.

Fresh roses in thy hand,
Buds on thy pillow laid;
Haste from this fearful land,
Where flowers so quickly fade.

M. B. S.

Getting off Railroad Cars.

So many accidents continually result from people trying to get off railroad cars while in motion, that a few words of advice may not be out of place. We do not hope to stop the practice, but only to instruct those who try it—and particularly ladies—how to get on terra firma in the safest manner. When a person finds it necessary to leave a train while in motion they should face the forward part of the train, look ahead to see if the coast is clear, and jump clear of the cars, but in the same direction in which the train is moving. On striking make the very best time possible to overtake the locomotive, and you will in a few seconds lose the impetus given by the train and find yourself safely and gracefully landed. This is the only way to avoid being rudely jarred if not pitched heels over head. To jump straight out from, or in an opposite direction to that in which the train is moving, is absurd as well as dangerous.

RESUMPTION OF SPECIE PAYMENTS.—The rapid decay of rebellion, the steady decline in gold, the easy working of the whole financial machine, the daily evidences of subscription to the loans in the South, the opening of trade with the Southern ports, and the good news from foreign countries, are all so many signs looking to an early resumption of specie payments.

DR. STRICKLAND.—The valuable remedies offered by this regularly educated physician, who came here from Tennessee, highly recommended, will be found advertised in our columns. His office is No. 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.

We would advise any one suffering from a distressing cough or any affliction of the throat or lungs, to try Dr. Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam; it is for sale at the drug stores.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

	May, 17
Fancy and Extra Family Flour	$8.25@8.50
Common and Superfine	$7.25@7.75
Rye Flour	$6.75
Corn Meal	$6 bl $6.75
Extra White Wheat	$2.20@2.30
Fair and Prime Red	$2.10@2.20
Rye	$1.25
Corn, prime Yellow	$1.21
Oats	83
Barley	$1.00
Cloverseed, $64 lbs	$17.50
Timothy	$4.50
Flaxseed	$2.55
Wool	100@112
Hides	13

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

Extra Family Flour bbl	$10.50
Extra do $ cwt	5.50
White Wheat	1.20
Red Wheat	1.05
Rye	1.00
Corn	1.20
Oats	55
Cloverseed	15.00
Flaxseed	1.75
Dried Apples	2.00
Butter	30
Eggs	15
Lard	20
Ham	23
Shoulder	20
Sides	20
Tallow	14

Exchange Hotel,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

WM. C. McNULTY, PROPRIETOR,

Formerly of the Franklin Hotel, Chambersburg.

TERMS LIBERAL.

may2, 1865-1y.

GOOD NEWS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!!

THE success of our armies and the consequent decline in the price of gold and other commodities, enable me to send

GOOD TIDINGS TO THE BLACKSMITHS,

and all others who buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, &c.

Having moved my store to the large and commodious Bricker Store Room, I have received a large assortment of WAGON TIRE, HORSE SHOE IRON, round and square BARTRON, bought from the makers since the decline in gold, which I am selling at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

All persons wishing to buy IRON, STEEL, NAILS, LOCKS, PAINTS, GLASS, or any kind of HARDWARE for cash, will save money by sending their orders, or calling at the Hardware Store of JAMES A. BROWN,

April 5, '65. Huntingdon, Pa.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

Incorporated in Philadelphia, 1794.

CASH CAPITAL $1,715,171,71.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Prest.

CHARLES PLATT, Secy.

J. A. RANKIN, Rock Springs, Centre county, Pa., Local Agent for part of Centre county, also for parts of Huntingdon and Blair counties.

Feb. 21, '65-6m.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—[Estate of Margaretta Swoope, dec'd.] Letters testamentary, on the estate of Margaretta Swoope, late of Porter tp., Huntingdon co., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

LEWIS KNODE, Alexandria.
ABRAHAM HARNISH, Waterstreet.
Executors.

April 5, '65. 6t.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE. [Estate of Dennis Rine, dec'd.] Letters testamentary, on the estate of Dennis Rine late of Franklin tp., Huntingdon county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them duly authenticated.

JAMES OLIVER, Executor.

April 5, '65. 6t.

LLOYD & HENRY

JUST RECEIVING

THE LARGEST & MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

ALL KINDS OF GOODS,

Ever brought to this county,

AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

ap26-3w

THE REBELLION

AND

HIGH PRICES PLAYED OUT.

GEORGE SHAEFFER,

Nearly opposite the Globe office, respectfully informs the public that he has just opened a fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

of all kinds, for Men, Women & Children

The stock has been selected with care, as to style and quality, and will be sold at reasonable prices to suit the times. The public generally are invited to call and examine his stock.

☞ New work and repairing done to order.

Huntingdon, May 3, 1865-2m.

AGENCY,

FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to

W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.

August 12, 1863.

ENVELOPES, wholesale and retail, for sale LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION OF OIL COMPANY.

In pursuance of the 3d section of the Act of 18th of January 1865, the undersigned hereby give notice to the other shareholders in the Porter Island Oil lands, situated in the Allegheny River, in Venango County, Pennsylvania, that a meeting of the said shareholders will be held in the borough of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, on Thursday the 18th of May 1865, for the purpose of organizing an Oil company under the provision of said act, and to appoint a suitable person to superintend the business of the company in developing their lands.

W. H. WOODS,
P. M. BARR,
JOHN BARR,
D. W. WOODS.

Hunt. April 26, '65-*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Thomas Ewing, dec'd.] Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of Thomas Ewing, late of West township, deceased. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them properly authenticated, for settlement.

JOHN FOSTER, Administrator.

may3-6t*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

[Estate of Mahlon Spangle, dec'd.] Letters of administration upon the estate of Mahlon Spangle, late of Warriorsmark twp., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them for settlement.

WM. B. ADDLEMAN, Administrator.

ap19,1865-6t*

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!

HIGH PRICES SURRENDER!!

THE BEST AND THE CHEAPEST.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a New and splendid stock of

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,

Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at reduced prices.

A lot of choice CONFECTIONERIES have also been received.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.

Huntingdon, april 12, 1865.

COACH SHOP,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

DAVID MINGLE Respectfully informs the public generally that he has removed his shop to the building in Washington street, formerly occupied by O. Boat, where he is prepared to do all kind of

LIGHT AND HEAVY WORK

in his line of business, and hopes to receive a liberal patronage.

☞ NEW WORK will be made to order, at prices to suit the times DAVID MINGLE.

Huntingdon, March 28, 1865-3m*

Farm For Sale.

THE undersigned offer the Farm on which they reside, in West township, Huntingdon county, at private sale. It is situated three miles from Petersburg, and the same distance from Railroad and canal. It contains three hundred and forty-nine acres and allowance; good buildings, and about one hundred and fifty acres cleared, and well adapted for a stock farm.

J. S. MAGUIRE,
RACHEL MAGUIRE.

april19, 1864-tf.

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

E. O. & G. W. COLDER.

HAVING entered into co-partnership in the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that they will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

Alexandria, Jan. 13, 1865-tf.

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA.

LOCATED AT PHILADELPHIA.

INCORPORATED 1794. CHARTER PERPETUAL.

The oldest Company in the U. S.

ASSETS, $1,715,000.

ARTHUR G. COFFIN, Prest.

CHARLES PLATT, Secy.

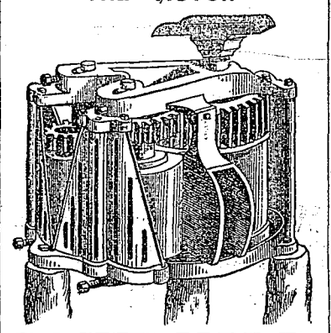
The undersigned agent for the above well known and reliable Company, will make insurance against loss by fire for any period—from one month to perpetual.

G. BARTON ARMITAGE, Agent.

Feb. 22, 65-3m. Huntingdon.

1865. 1865.

THE "VICTOR"



CANE MILL.

NEW. TRIUMPHANT AT STATE FAIRS.

COOK'S

SUGAR EVAPORATOR.

MOST RAPID EVAPORATOR IN THE WORLD!

"SORGO HAND BOOK," *FREE.*

CANE SEED, by the lb or bushel, FOR SALE AT COST.

Prince & Co.'s New AUTOMATIC ORGANS. The greatest triumph of the age!

New style MELODEONS, with improvements.

Grover & Baker's FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Send for Circulars, &c. FREE.

A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
SOLE AGENT,
James Creek, Huntingdon co., Pa.

ap12, 1865-3m

1865. 1865.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW

CLOTHING

FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED

AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon april 12, '65.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

NEW GOODS.

D. P. GWIN

INFORMS THE PUBLIC

THAT HE HAS

JUST OPENED

A

SPLENDID STOCK of NEW GOODS

THAT

CAN'T BE BEAT

IN

CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.

COME AND SEE.

D. P. GWIN.

Nov. 23, '65.

LAW ASSOCIATION.

The undersigned have associated themselves together in the practice of the law in Huntingdon, Pa. Office in the one now, and formerly occupied by J. Sewell Stewart, adjoining the Court House.

A. W. BENEDICT.
J. SEWELL STEWART.

July 20, 1864

WILLIAM D. GEMMILL,

Stock Broker,

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, LOANS, Etc.,

Bought and Sold on Commission.

Office—511 Market street, Philad'a

ap10-2m*

WASHINGTON HOUSE,

No. 709 Chestnut Street, above Seventh,

PHILADELPHIA.

The Manager has the pleasure of announcing that this popular Hotel is now open for the reception of TRANSIENT GUESTS.

The house has been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished, and is presented to the public as being in every particular a hotel suited to their wants. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

March 3, '65.-3m CHAS. M. ALLMOND, Manager.

BLINDS AND SHADES.

B. J. WILLIAMS,

No. 16 North Sixth Street, Philadelphia,

MANUFACTURER OF

VENITIAN BLINDS AND WINDOW SHADES.

The largest and finest assortment in the city at the lowest cash prices.

STORE SHADES MADE AND LETTERED.

mh20.1865-2m*

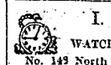
HENRY HARPER, No 520 Arch Street, above Fifth, PHILADELPHIA,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

WATCHES,
FINE JEWELRY,
SOLID SILVER-WARE,

and Superior SILVER PLATED WARE.

mch22-3m.



I. K. STAUFFER,

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

No. 142 North SECOND Street, corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver & Plated Ware constantly on hand,

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

☞ Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to.

POUDRETTE!

[Fifteen Years Fair Trial!]

A. PEYSSON, Philadelphia.

POUDRETTE, $20 00 per ton, taken from the Factory, loose, or 50 Cents per bushel, and $28 per ton in bags—delivered at Steamboat and Railroad Depots in Philadelphia. Manufactory, Gray's Ferry Road, above the Arsenal, Philadelphia.

Depot, PEYSSON'S Farm, Gloucester, New Jersey, Woodbury road.

Office—Library Street, No. 420 back of the new Post Office, Philadelphia. Dealers

FRENCH, RICHARDS & CO.,
4th & CALLOWHILL Streets, PHILADELPHIA.

February 14, 1865-1mos.

THE EYE AND EAR.

TO THE PEOPLE.

NOW READY, A Work by Dr. VON MOSCHZISKER, of No. 1027 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, entitled

A BOOK FOR THE PEOPLE,

On the following diseases: Eye and Ear diseases, Throat diseases in general; Clergymen's and Public Speakers Sore Throat; diseases of the Air Passages, (Laryngitis Bronchitis,) ASTHMA and CATARRH.

This Book is to be had at No. 606 CHESTNUT Street, Philada., and of all Booksellers. Price $1. And from the author, Dr. Von Moschzisker, who can be consulted on all these maladies, and all Nervous Affections, which he treats with the surest success. Office, No. 1027 Walnut Street, Philadelphia. feb8-3m

MILLINERY GOODS.

BROOKS & ROSENHEIM,

WHOLESALE DEALERS,

No. 431 MARKET Street, north side,

PHILADELPHIA,

Have now opened their usual handsome variety of

RIBBONS, BONNET MATERIALS,
STRAW & FANCY BONNETS,
LADIES' & MISSES' HATS,
FLOWERS, RUCHES, LACES,

and all other articles required by the MILLINERY TRADE.

By long experience and strict attention to this branch of business exclusively, we flatter ourselves that we offer inducements, in variety, styles, quality and moderate prices—not everywhere to be found. The attention of MILLINERS and MERCHANTS is respectfully solicited.

☞ Particular attention paid to filling Orders.

March 8, '65-3m.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

POULTON'S BILLIARD SALOON

HARRISBURG.

The oldest Billiard Saloon, and one of the best regulated in the State, is Poulton's, situated in the rear of Brant's Hall, near Third street. Being in the business for over 30 years, he thoroughly understands the wants and desires of players. His room is the largest and best lighted in the city. The cues are always in the best order, and his tables cannot be excelled by any in the State.

He gives the business his direct superintendence, and can assure the public that they can find better satisfaction at his saloon than at any other in the city.

No liquor sold on the premises—every man to his own business.

March 15, 1865.

HASHEESH CANDY.

The Great Oriental Nervine Compound.

TRUE SECRET OF YOUTH AND BEAUTY.

It is a remedy that ought to be in every House on account of its harmlessness and potency; and above all, because of its exceeding cheapness. It is the cheapest remedy in the world. Colds readily yield to it. In the short space of a single night the severest cold has passed away, and the Hasheesh acting as a stimulant on the sufferer, enables him to rise in the morning fresh and renewed. Its effects are wonderful. It quickly annihilates Pain and Suffering, and alleviates human misery.

We here present a few of the diseases that we warrant it to cure if persevered in, other remedies seldom being required:

It is a sure cure for Fever and Ague.
Sure cure for General Debility and Wasting Away.
Sure cure for all Nervous and Bilious Affections.

☞ It is sure to preserve the Complexion and Skin, and imparts the bloom of perfect Health and Vigor to *those who use it.*

Sold by Druggists everywhere. Price 50 cents and $1 per box. Postage on $1 box 15 cents.

Imported only by the Gunjah Wallah Company, Office 36 Beekman street, New York.

For sale by John Reed, Druggist, Huntingdon, Sole Agent.

ap19-7t*.

BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR COFFEE.

Whilst trying Coffee of all the various brands,
Remember "BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR"—at the head it stands.

True, it's not like others that are "SOLD EVERYWHERE."
A little stretch, we all do know, good goods will easily bear.
(But a stretch like this—"sold everywhere"—is very apt to tear.)

Now, I can safely say, without any hesitation,
There's none like "BROWNING'S EXCELSIOR," in this enlightened nation.

Skilled chemists have not found a Coffee from any Store
Possessing the same ingredients as 'Browning's Excelsior.'
Nor is there any one, in or out of the Coffee trade,
Who knows the articles from which "Browning's Excelsior's" made.

I'm told it's made from barley, rye, wheat, beans and peas;
Name a thousand other things—but the right one if you please.

But with the Coffee-men I will not hold contention
For the many, many things they say—too numerous to mention.

Whilst they're engaged in running round from store to store
To learn the current wholesale price of "Browning's Excelsior,"

Some who know my Coffee gives perfect satisfaction,
Have formed a plan by which they hope to cause a quick reaction.

The case—'tis with a few; no doubt 'twill be more—
To name their Coffee after mine, (Browning's) Excelsior.

Some say their's the only brand that will stand a really test.

Now, try a little of them all—see which you like the best.
Never have I in your paper advertised before;
Nor would I now, or ever consent to publish more,
If like some used by "everybody," "sold everywhere," is "every store."

A trade like this I do not wish; the orders I could not fill;
The factory all Jersey's land would take—leave not a foot to till.

My trade is not so very large; still I think I have my share,
But, reader, you may rest assured, 'tis not "SOLD EVERYWHERE."

Manufactured and for Sale by the writer,

GEORGE L. BROWNING,
No. 20 Market Street, Camden, N. J.

This Coffee is not composed of poisonous drugs, it contains nothing deleterious; many persons use this Coffee that cannot use the pure coffee; it takes but one and a half ounces to make a quart of good strong coffee, that being just one-half the quantity it takes of Java Coffee, and always less than half the price.

RETAIL DEALERS may purchase it in less quantities than the gross at my prices from the Wholesale Grocers.

☞ Orders by mail from Wholesale Dealers promptly attended to.

March 1, 1865-3m.

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

J. D. CAMPBELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Office in the Brick Row, nearly opposite the Court House. [April 15, 1863.

W. A STEPHENS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
OFFICE.—*In Treasurer's room* in Court House—up stairs.
Huntingdon, Dec. 16, 1863.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to opposite the store of D. F. Gwin, in the square, Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.
April 13, 1864.

THE JACKSON HOTEL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
J. MORRISON, Proprietor

M. GUTMAN & CO., Dealers in Ready made Clothing, Huntingdon, Pa.

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '65.

S. S. SMITH, Dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Dye Stuffs, Oils, &c. Also—Groceries, Confectioneries, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

JAMES A. BROWN,
Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN,
Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

D. P. GWIN,
Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c.

WM. WILLIAMS,
Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

OLD BRASS AND COPPER taken in exchange for goods at the Hardware Store
Sept. 3, 1862. JAS. A. BROWN

GUN BARRELS AND LOCKS.—A large assortment at
BROWN'S HARDWARE STORE.

BOOTS and SHOES, the largest and cheapest assortment in town, at
D. P. GWIN'S.

LIQUORS, of the best, for Medicina purposes at S. S. SMITH'S.

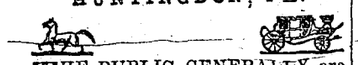
CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

Pianos, Organs, and Melodeons.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that, having obtained from the manufacturers, the sole Agency for the sale of STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.S' MELODEONS, he is prepared to furnish instruments to persons wishing to buy at the retail prices in Philadelphia and New York.
Circulars sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.
N. B. Every instrument warranted for five years.
B. M. GREENE,
Feb. 1, '65-tf. Huntingdon.

M'MANIGAL'S LIVERY STABLE.

MONTGOMERY STREET,
Between the Baptist and Catholic Churches,
HUNTINGDON, PA.



THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are informed that the subscriber is prepared at his New LIVERY STABLE, to accommodate all with
HORSES, BUGGIES, & CARRIAGES
at reasonable rates, on short notice.
HENRY M'MANIGALL.
Huntingdon, March 8, 1865-1y.

FRUIT TREES,
ORNAMENTAL TREES,
SHADE TREES,
GRAPE VINES,
PLANTS, &C.,
At the nurseries of Taylor & Cremer

Who offer their stock of well grown and thrifty TREES, VINES, PLANTS, &c., at their old prices. The expense of grafting and planting this stock having been incurred before the outbreak of the rebellion when the price of labor was low, they can afford to sell these Trees at 50 per cent. less than they can sell the same kind of trees next year. While other Nurserymen have raised their prices about 50 per cent., these still sell at the old rates this year; that is to say—Apple Trees, $15. $18, and $20 per hundred, according to size, &c. Standard Pear 50 to 75 cents each. Dwarf Pear, 50 to 75 cents each, and $30 to $45 per hundred. Plum and Apricot, at 40 to 50 cents each. Also, Peach, Cherry, Quince and other trees; Grape Vines, Lawton Blackberry, Raspberry, and Strawberry plants, Dahlia roots, and Shade and Ornamental Trees—all at the old rates.
Money invested in fruit trees is sure to yield a good return. Now is your time to order trees.
Address, THEODORE H. CREMER,
feb8, 1865* Huntingdon, Pa.

WAR FOR THE UNION.

NEW ORLEANS, ST. LOUIS, MEMPHIS, NORFOLK, &c. TAKEN.—ASHBY SLAIN, AND THE BACKBONE OF "SECESH" BROKEN

But while you rejoice at the success of our gallant troops, and the prospect of the speedy downfall of the Rebel Army, do not forget to call at the store of

WALLACE & CLEMENT,

before purchasing elsewhere, and see our new stock of goods, consisting of
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Boots and Shoes,
Queensware,
Crockeryware,
Tobacco, Segars,
Hams,
Flitch,
Shoulders,
Fish,
Flour,
Salt,
and a general assortment of notions, all of which for CASH on reasonable terms for cash or produce.
Huntingdon, July 1, 1863.

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.
Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.
W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and workmanship equal to any in the country, at a fair price. Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on Hill treet, Huntingdon, Pa.
WM. WILLIAMS.
Huntingdon, May 16 1865.

New Furniture Establishment.

J. M. WISE,

Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture.

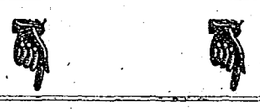
Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon, between Cunningham's Store and Bean's National House, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.
Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.
☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.
☞ Funerals attended at any place in town or country, by J. M. WISE.
Huntingdon, Sept. 24, 1862-tf

CHEAP PUMPS.

JAMES A. BROWN, Huntingdon, Pa., sells Patent Wooden Pumps for cisterns and wells, from 4 to 60 feet deep, at about one half the usual price for old fashioned pumps. All pumps warranted.
Aug. 2 '64.

COUNTRY DEALERS can buy CLOTHING from me in Huntingdon at WHOLESALE as cheap as they can in the cities, as I have a wholesale store in Philadelphia.
H. ROMAN.

FISHERS' COLUMN.



THOS. FISHER. H. G. FISHER. T. C. FISHER.

FISHER & SONS

HUNTINGDON, PA.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY-GOODS, ETC., ETC.

A HANDSOME STOCK of GOODS, of all kinds, is now open for the inspection of the public, and we cordially invite all our Customers and the public generally, to call and be convinced that we are unequalled in the quality, taste, style, and prices of our Goods.

We request the public to bear in mind that we purchase principally from first hands in New York, pay CASH for all we buy, and cannot be rivalled in our facilities for opening for public use, a stock of General Merchandise.

HUNTINGDON MILLS.

GRAIN, FLOUR, AND FEED.

WE ARE PREPARED to PURchase all kinds of GRAIN, for which we will pay the highest cash prices, and will have for sale at all times, FLOUR, FEED, &c.

PLASTER! PLASTER!!

WE HAVE an IMMENSE STOCK of PLASTER; an ample supply for this and neighboring counties! Having a Mill expressly for grinding it, we can produce finer and more desirable stock than can usually be had.

SALT! SALT!

WE OFFER 500 BBLS. of SPLENdid ONONDAIGA SALT, unequalled in quality and price. G. A. Salt in sacks is also kept constantly on hand.

FISH. FISH.

10 Bbls. No 1 MACKEREL
10 " No. 2 "
10 " No. 3 "
15 Half Bbls. No. 1 "
20 " " No. 2 "
10 " " No. 3 "

Quarter Barrels and Kits, of all numbers, are also offered.

SUMAC. SUMAC.

WE ARE AT ALL TIMES PREpared to buy SUMAC; will pay cash, or trade, as desired

FLAX. FLAX.

THE HIGH PRICES RULING FOR Cotton Goods has compelled public attention to be more especially directed to the culture of Flax. It can be made by some attention, one of the most valuable products a farmer can produce; an acre readily producing 50 to 60 Dollars worth of fibre and seed. Great care should be taken by growers have their Flax spread very thin when rolling; when watered sufficiently on one side, it should be turned, and subject to exposure until all the stalks get a grey color, and the lint readily separates from the wood by a gentle rub.

It should on a very dry day be tied in bundles, and is then ready for the mill. As a general thing too much seed is sown on an acre. Unless the ground is very rich one Bushel per acre is sufficient. If the ground is very strong one and one fourth bushel is ample.
Dec 18, 1862.

READING RAIL ROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,
NOVEMBER 7, 1864.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW-YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00 and 8.15 A. M., and 1.45 P. M., arriving at New York at 10 00 A. M., and 2.45 and 10 00 P. M.

The above connect with similar Trains on the Pennsylvania Railroad, and sleeping cars accompany the first two trains, without change.

Leave for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 15 A. M., and 1.45 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal stations only.

Way Trains, stopping at all points, at 7 25 A. M., and 4 40 P. M.

Returning, leave NEW-YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, and 7 P. M. Philadelphia at 8 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Pottsville at 8 50 A. M., and 2 35 P. M; Tamaqua at 8 10 A. M., and 2 15 P. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, 7 35 and 10 45 A. M. 3 38 and 6 05 P. M.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 6.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 4.30 P. M.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 6 49 and 11 A. M., for Ephrata, Lititz, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 7 P. M., Philadelphia, 3 15 P. M., Pottsville 7 30 A. M., Tamaqua 7 A. M., Harrisburg 8 15 A. M., and Reading at 12 midnight, for Harrisburg.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, and EXCURSION TICKETS at reduced rates to and from all points.

Baggage checked through: 80 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

Nov. 23 1864. *C. A. NICOLLS, General Superintendent.*

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD		
MAIL.	ERIE MAIL.	EXPRESS.	FAST LINE.	STATIONS.	MAIL.	EAST LINE.	HARRISBURG ACCOMODATION.
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
5 17	4 50	11 58	.....	N. Hamilton,	9 51	.....	2 49
5 25	4 58	12 08	.....	Mt. Union,	9 42	10 01	2 40
5 35	.....	12 20	.....	Mapleton,	.....	.....	2 30
5 43	5 16	12 29	.....	Mill Creek,	9 25	9 46	2 23
5 59	5 31	12 48	6 48	Huntingdon,	9 12	9 35	2 10
6 16	5 46	1 08	.....	Petersburg,	8 56	9 20	1 52
6 23	.....	1 20	.....	Barree,	.....	.....	1 44
6 31	6 02	1 32	.....	SpruceCreek,	8 41	9 07	1 37
6 49	.....	1 54	.....	Birmingham,	.....	.....	1 20
6 58	6 29	2 05	.....	Tyrone,	8 17	8 44	1 10
7 08	6 39	2 20	.....	Tipton,	8 08	.....	12 58
7 14	.....	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	.....	.....	12 52
7 19	6 50	2 35	.....	Bell's Mills,	7 56	8 25	12 47
7 40	7 10	3 00	8 15	Altoona,	7 40	8 10	12 30
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Eastward, leaves Altoona at 9 40 P. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 11 01 P. M.

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 2 35 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 3 57 A. M.

The PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 30 A. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 A. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 44 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 9 05 P. M.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, MARCH 6, 1865, Passenger Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.		NORTHWARD TRAINS.	
Accom. P. M.	Mail. A. M.	STATIONS AND SIDINGS.	Accom. P. M.	Mail. P. M.
LE 4 00	LE 8 00	Huntingdon,	AR 12 35	AR 6 58
4 20	8 20	McConnellstown,	12 14	6 38
4 28	8 28	Pleasant Grove,	12 06	6 30
4 44	8 44	Marklesburg,	11 50	6 14
5 00	9 00	Coffee Run,	11 34	5 50
5 08	9 08	Rough & Ready,	11 26	5 43
5 21	9 21	Cove,	11 14	5 31
5 25	9 25	Fisher's Summit,	11 10	5 25
AR 5 40	AR 9 40	Saxton,	LE 10 55	LE 5 10
LE 5 50	LE 9 50		AR 10 46	AR 5 00
6 10	10 10	Riddlesburg,	10 26	4 39
6 18	10 18	Hopewell,	10 18	4 31
6 34	10 34	Piper's Run,	10 00	4 15
6 54	10 55	Hamilton,	9 41	3 56
7 06	11 07	Bloody Run,	9 29	3 44
AR 7 10	AR 11 10	Mount Dallas,	9 25	LE 3 40
SHOUP'S RUN BRANCH.				
5 45	LE 11 00	Saxton,	AR 9 30	4 50
6 00	11 15	Coalmont,	9 15	4 35
6 05	11 20	Crawford,	9 05	4 25
6 15	AR 11 30	Dudley,	LE 9 00	4 20
		Broad Top City,		

Huntingdon Mch. 6, 1865. OLIVER AYERS, Supt.

NEW CLOTHING
AT LOW PRICES.
M. GUTMAN
HAS JUST OPENED A FINE STOCK OF NEW *FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,* Which he offers to all who want to be CLOTHED, AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

His Stock consists of Ready-made Clothing for MEN AND BOYS,

ALSO,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &C., &C.

Should gentlemen desire any particular kind or cut of clothing not found in the stock on hand, by leaving their measure they can be accommodated at short notice.
Call at the east corner of the Diamond, over Long's Grocery.
MANUAL GUTMAN.
Huntingdon Nov. 23, '64.

HARDWARE
AND
CUTLERY!
AN IMMENSE STOCK AND ENDLESS VARIETY OF
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, &c.
NOW OPEN
AND FOR SALE BY
JAS. A. BROWN,
HUNTINGDON, PENNA.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
Nov. 23, 1864

NEW STOCK OF GOODS.
EVERYBODY IS INVITED TO CALL AT
S. S. SMITH'S STORE,
ON HILL STREET, HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

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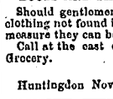
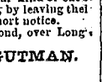
SUGAR and MOLASSES,
COFFEE, TEA and CHOCOLATE,
FLOUR, FISH, SALT and VINEGAR,
CONFECTIONERIES, CIGARS and TOBACCO,
SPICES OF THE BEST, AND ALL KINDS,
and every other article usually found in a Grocery Store

ALSO—
Drugs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs,
Paints, Varnishes, Oils and Spts. Turpentine,
Fluid, Alcohol, Glass and Putty,
BEST WINE and BRANDY for medical purposes.
ALL THE BEST PATENT MEDICINES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
and a large number of articles too numerous to mention. The public generally will please call and examine for themselves and learn my prices.
S. S. SMITH.
Huntingdon, Nov. 23 '64.


J. M. CUNNINGHAM.


W. F. CUNNINGHAM

NEW FIRM.
J. M. CUNNINGHAM & SON, successors to J. M. Cunningham, have this day entered into partnership in the Foundry business and are prepared to furnish Castings, of all kinds, and repairs at short notice and on reasonable terms.
We are buying Old Metal and scrap Iron at highest market prices.
Huntingdon, July 6, 1864.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.
Diseases of the Nervous, Seminal, Urinary and Sexual Systems,
New and reliable treatment—In reports by the HOWARD ASSOCIATION—Sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge.
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Webb's " Monitor.
Davis' " "
Cross' Masonic Chart.
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The Two Sisters, by Mrs. Emma Southworth
The Deserted Wife, do.
Pencil Sketches, by Miss Leslie.
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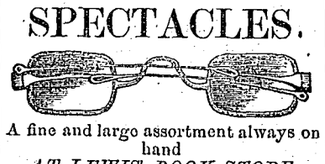
[See School Books in another column.]

SPECTACLES.



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A complete Pocket Ready Reckoner, in dollars and cents, to which are added forms of Notes, Bills, Receipts, Petitions, &c., together with a set of useful tables, containing rate of interest from one dollar to twelve thousand, by the single day, with a table of wages, and board by the week and day, published in 1859. For sale at
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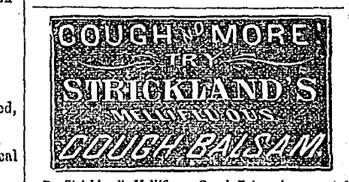

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All the Medical men and the Presses recommend Dr. Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture as the only certain remedy for *Diarrhœa and Dysentery. It is a combination* of Astringents, Absorbents, Stimulents and Carminatives, and is warranted to effect a cure after all other means have failed.
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Huntingdon, Jan. 24, 1865-tf.

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